

HEAR ROOSEVELT AT CHAUTAUQUA

Thousands Told Why No Orderly Government
Need Fear The Monroe Doctrine.

NOT A CLOAK FOR AGGRESSION

President Speaks At Length On San Domingo Treaty
And Wise Methods Of Dealing With
Great Combinations.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-MURK.]
Chautauqua Lake, N. Y., Aug. 11.—President Roosevelt arrived here today and spent a few hours as the guest of the New York Chautauqua to which he delivered an address. The President was given a great welcome and his coming was made the gala day in the history of the Chautauqua assembly. The trip here today completes the engagements which have broken into Mr. Roosevelt's vacation, but from now until October 1, he will spend the time at



Oyster Bay resting as much as possible. The peace negotiations, however, will occupy much of his time, as he is specially solicitous for the welfare of the Russian and Japanese envoys, standing ready at all times to do what he can to make the conference productive of tangible results. His discussion was mainly concerned with national policy with special reference to the Monroe Doctrine and the attitude this country should assume towards Santo Domingo and the other island neighbors of the United States. The complete text was as follows:

Today I wish to speak to you on one feature of our national foreign policy and one feature of our national domestic policy.

The Monroe Doctrine is not a part of international law. But it is the fundamental feature of our entire foreign policy so far as the Western Hemisphere is concerned, and it has more and more been meeting with recognition abroad. The reason why it is meeting with this recognition is because we have not allowed it to become fossilized, but have adapted our construction of it to meet the growing changing needs of this hemisphere. Fossilization, of course, means death, whether to an individual, a government, or a doctrine.

It is out of the question to elain a right and yet shirk the responsibility for exercising that right. When we announce a policy such as the Monroe Doctrine we thereby commit ourselves to accepting the consequences of the policy, and these consequences from time to time after.

Let us look for a moment at what the Monroe Doctrine really is. It forbids the territorial encroachment of non-American powers on American soil. Its purpose is partly to secure this Nation against seeing great military powers obtain new footholds in the Western Hemisphere, and partly to secure to our fellow-republics south of us the chance to develop along their own lines without being oppressed or conquered by non-American powers. As we have grown more and more powerful our advocacy of this doctrine has been received with more and more respect; but what has tended most to give the doctrine standing among the nations is our growing willingness to show that we not only mean what we say and are prepared to back it up, but that we mean to recognize our obligations to foreign peoples no less than to insist upon our own rights.

We are not permanently adherent to the Monroe Doctrine unless we succeed in making it evident in the first place that we do not intend to treat it in any shape or way as an excuse for aggression on our part at the expense of the republics on the south of us; second, that we do not intend to permit it to be used by any of these republics as a shield to protect that republic from consequences of its own misdeeds against foreign nations; third, that inasmuch as by this doctrine we prevent other nations from interfering on this side of the water, we shall ourselves in good faith try to help those of our sister republics, which need such help, upward toward peace and order.

As regards the first point we must recognize the fact that in some South American countries there has been much suspicion lest we should interpret the Monroe Doctrine in some way harmful to their interests. Now let it be understood once for all that we do not and orderly government on this

continent has anything to fear from us. There are certain of the republics south of us which have already reached such a point of stability, order, and prosperity that they are themselves, although as yet hardly consciously, among the guarantors of this doctrine. No stable and growing American republic wishes to see some non-American military power acquire territory in its neighborhood. It is to the interest of all of us on this continent that no such event should occur, and in addition to our own Republic there are now already republics in the regions south of us which have reached a point of prosperity and power that enables them to be considerable factors in maintaining this doctrine, which is so much to the advantage of all of us. It must be understood that under no circumstances will the United States use the Monroe Doctrine as a cloak for territorial aggression. Should any of our neighbors, no matter how turbulent, how disrespectful of our rights, finally get into such a position that the utmost limits of our forbearance are reached, all the people south of us may rest assured that no action will ever be taken save what is absolutely demanded by our self-respect; that this action will not take the form of territorial aggrandizement on our part, and that it will only be taken at all with the most extreme reluctance and not without having exhausted every effort to avert it.

As to the second point, if a republic to the south of us commits a tort against a foreign nation, such, for instance, as wrongful action against the persons of citizens of that nation, then the Monroe Doctrine does not force us to interfere to prevent punishment of the tort, save to see that the punishment does not directly or indirectly assume the form of territorial occupation of the offending country. The case is more difficult when the trouble comes from the failure to meet contractual obligations. Our own Government has always refused to enforce such contractual obligations on behalf of citizens by the appeal to arms. It is much to be wished that all foreign governments would take the same view. But at present this country would certainly not be willing to go to war to prevent a foreign government from collecting a just debt or to back up some one of our sister republics in a refusal to pay just debts; and the alternative may in any case prove to be that we shall ourselves undertake to bring some arrangement by which so much as is possible of the just obligations shall be paid. Personally I should always prefer to see this country step in and put through such an arrangement rather than let a foreign country undertake it.

I do not want to see any foreign power take possession permanently or temporarily of the custom-houses of an American republic in order to enforce its obligations, and the alternative may at any time be that we shall be forced to do so ourselves.

Plainly, and what is in my view, really the most important thing of all, it is our duty, so far as we are able, to try to help upward our weaker brothers. Just as there has been a gradual growth of the ethical element in the relations of one individual to another, so that with all the faults of our Christian civilization it yet remains true that we are, no matter how slowly, more and more coming to recognize the duty of bearing one another's burdens, similarly I believe that the ethical element is by degrees entering into the dealings of one nation with another.

Under strain of emotion caused by sudden disaster this feeling is very evident. A famine or a plague in one country brings much sympathy and some assistance from other countries. Moreover, we are now beginning to recognize that weaker peoples have a claim upon us, even when the appeal is made, not to our emotions by some sudden calamity, but to our consciences by a long continuing condition of affairs.

I do not mean to say that nations have more than begun to approach the proper relationship one to another, and I fully recognize the folly of proceeding upon the assumption that this ideal condition can now be realized in full—for, in order to proceed upon such an assumption, we would first require some method of forcing recalcitrant nations to do their duty, as well as of seeing that they are protected in their rights.

In the interest of justice, it is as necessary to exercise the police power so as to show charity and helpful generosity. But something can even now be done toward the end in view. That something, for instance, this Nation has already done as regards Cuba, and is now trying to do as regards Santo Domingo. There are few things in our history in which we should take more genuine pride than the way in which we liberated Cuba, and then, instead of instantly abandoning it to chaos, staid in direction of the affairs of the island until we

(Continued on Page 7.)



FOR THE MAN OF THE HOUR IN RUSSIA.
N. B.—He has not called to claim the wearing apparel.

CZAR DISCOVERING THE HIDDEN FACTS

Beginning to Learn of Atrocities on
the Battlefield, Which Even the
Heartless Recoil At.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 11.—The members of the anti-peace party, it seems are not going to have an easy time in persuading the Czar to keep from accepting Japan's peace terms as long as they are half way honor able. Gradually, stories of atrocities on the battle ground are reaching the Emperor and even the popularity considered have little impression upon being heard. These facts have been cleverly concealed from the Czar who is beginning to suspect that he must be kept in ignorance of some things, which are standing in the way of Russian success in the war; for the Czar is a very superstitious little body, believing that the iniquities of his people's sins are always visited upon them in their life time. He is beginning to feel that unless something were wrong, Russia would not be in such terrible straits, and the result of his determination to find out what is wrong is proving an eye-opener for his Majesty.

NEWS OF THE STATE IN BRIEF.

Mayor John Hughes of Fond du Lac and the chief of police have started a campaign against saloon keepers who allow young girls and women to frequent their places of business.

A man answering the description of Edward Decker, Jr., of Algoma, was recently by parties in Deadwood, S. D. He did not deny the name Decker and acknowledged he was from Kenosha county. Decker disappeared from a Pere Marquette steamship from Ludington to Manitowish last spring. He was principal owner of the First State bank of Brillion.

All the printing offices in Marinette and Menominee have returned the union labels for the trades council and declared for the open shop. No cut in wages is proposed, but independence of union dictation is desired.

Casper Mock, a well known resident of the town of Featherston, Kenosha county, made a spectacular attempt at suicide in the Kenosha city park by drinking an ounce of laudanum. Physicians hope for his recovery.

The residence of Richard Schaub, Fond du Lac, was entered by burglars Wednesday night and \$47 in money taken. This adds another to a long list of small burglaries in that city, the loss up to date amounting to \$2,217.

William Ellis has returned to Marinette from Cedar river, where he made an investigation of the epidemic that Duncan McGregor was employed in the woods near Devil's creek. The man supposed to be McGregor was another person.

Believed to have been killed in an elevator accident in Chicago eleven years ago and mourned as dead since that time, Himle Johnson, a former resident of Madison, surprised his relatives by calling on them on Tuesday. He now lives in St. Louis.

August F. Myers of Kenosha, aged 50 years, met instant death under the wheels of a North-Western train on Thursday. Indications point to suicide. The engineer in charge of the train which struck Myers says the old man deliberately leaned over in front of the engine.

CRACK SCULLERS IN NATIONAL REGATTA

Oarsmen of Country Gather at Balti-
more for Big Boat Racing
Program.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Baltimore, Md., Aug. 11.—Many of the fastest skulkers and sweepers of the United States are here to take part in the thirty-third annual regatta of the National Association of Oarsmen. Only preliminary heats are on today's program and the finals are for tomorrow. The race will be rowed upon the waters of Spring Garden, a branch of the Patuxent river. The Intercity Octopede is the event which is expected to furnish the most sensational racing in the two day's sport.

Frank Greer of Boston, will defend their championship title which he holds in the senior singles against the efforts of Titus and the renowned Fred Shepherd. Other cracks here to take part in the races are James B. Juvenal, Exley, and other members of the Vesper crew which recently went to England.

WESTERN INSURANCE MEN ARE PROVOKING TO THE EASTERNERS

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
New York, August 11.—Not a little concern is exhibited over the joint investigation of insurance affairs in the East, especially in New York by Western and Southern men and many agents and representatives of companies who do not conceal their pain at the action of the Westerners, who started their inquiry formally in Chicago yesterday. To make matters more difficult, for the past few days, there has been a persistent rumor that there is a possibility of the great companies' trying to influence the present legislative committee in its inquiry by considerations of money and votes during the coming municipal campaign. Of course these stories are all denied indignantly, but the alleged suspicions of the Western and Southern agents, which determined them to investigate Eastern affairs for their own satisfaction has given emphasis to such rumors.

When it was reported at Racine that two children of Mr. and Mrs. Chris. Hansen had died of cholera, there was considerable excitement. Dagmar, aged 4, and Esther, aged 2, died within six hours of each other, but the attending physician gave dysentery as the cause.

BEFORE COURT ON POISONING CHARGE

Young Woman Being Tried for At-
tempted Poisoning of Hand-
some Young Widow.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Owatonna, Minn., Aug. 11.—Wilda Johnson, the young woman of this county charged with having put paris green into a well on the farm of John L. Johnson and with having sent an orange containing strychnine to Mrs. Lunsrum, a daughter of Johnson, who is a teacher in the county schools, was placed on trial here today in a preliminary hearing. The prosecution will attempt to prove that Mrs. Johnson was desperately in love with a young man of the neighborhood and jealous of Mrs. Lunsrum who is a widow. The orange, which was laid aside, was sent with a note "for teacher only." When it failed in its purpose, Miss Johnson is alleged to have poisoned the Johnson well.

REAR ADMIRAL BENHAM DIED AT LAKE MONAPEC

Today After Forty-seven Years' Ser-
vice—Had Been Retired For
Some Time.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-MURK.]
Washington, D. C., Aug. 11.—Rear Admiral Benham, retired, died this morning at Lake Monapee, N. Y. He had been on duty 47 years.

TEXAS NEGRO BURNED AT STAKE BY A MOB TODAY

In Court House Square of Town of
Sulphur Springs Near
Dallas.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-MURK.]
Dallas, Texas, Aug. 11.—A negro, accused of criminal assault on a white woman was publicly burned in the court house square by a mob this morning in Sulphur Springs, Hopkins county.

MANILA ENJOYING A GAY WEEK

Many Receptions Given For Taft's
Philippine Party.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Manila, Aug. 11.—The last one of the many official entertainments which have been given this week for Secretary of War, Taft, Miss Alice Roosevelt and the members of the Congressional party visiting the Philippines will be the banquet tonight, at which the hosts will be the most distinguished of Filipino citizens. The natives are charmed with Miss Roosevelt and her democratic ways have won her praise from all quarters. She has not been able to accept a third invitation which she has received since her arrival here.

LONDON'S DISTINGUISHED ENTERTAIN FRENCH VISITORS

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
London, August 11.—The Lord Mayor of London, and his entourage, with other prominent British officials were present this afternoon at the Alhambra where the officers and sailors of the visiting French fleet were entertained with a special performance of the ballet "L'Entente Cordiale."

C. J. Carter, a traveling painter, was arrested on Thursday at Jefferson, charged with assaulting a 4-year old girl.

RUSSIAN ENVOYS GET JAP TERMS

Baron Komura Hands Significant Document
To The Representatives Of Czar.

OYAMA IS NOW EXPECTING PEACE

So Goes the Report That Comes From St. Petersburg--
The Terms Of Peace Are Said To Be
Severe In The Extreme.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-MURK.]
St. Petersburg, Aug. 11.—It is reported from the front that Oyama and other officers are preparing for ceremonies attendant upon the expected declaration of peace. The railroad has been repaired to facilitate the meeting of Linvitch and Oyama.

Russian Answer Tomorrow.
Portsmouth, Aug. 11.—It is expected that Russia's answer will be given Komura tomorrow. The Japanese first draft of terms has been sent to St. Petersburg. Envoy Witte announces that he expects to hear from the Czar before night.

Terms Are Very Severe.
Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 11.—Japan has handed to Russia her terms for peace. They are very severe, but "subject to discussion." The matter of an indemnity is mentioned, but no specific sum is named, although Japan makes it clear that she expects to be compensated for her expenditures during the war.

It was ascertained that an agreement was reached by which the meeting of the conference was formally adjourned until Monday.

The Japanese terms demand an indemnity and the cession of territory. Since the first, from good Japanese sources, it has been stated that the minimum of Japan's demand would be 2,000,000,000 yen, or \$1,000,000,000. Instead no specific sum is asked, but it is made clear that there must be an indemnity.

There is no mention in the terms of the dismantling of Vladivostok.

Envoys to Conclude Treaty.
Bearing on these facts are two further facts that show that Russia wants peace and will get it, if possible, on the best terms she can.

1. After the Russians had the Japanese terms and before any communication of them was made to the Russian foreign office or to the Czar they sent cablegrams to the orphans in Paris and to a banking house in Antwerp.

2. Every Russian in authority has said that while the Japanese terms are harsh they "are subject to discussion."

These facts show the position of Russia as clearly as it can be shown without an actual knowledge of the communications to St. Petersburg and the replies from the foreign office and the Czar. M. Witte and his colleague, Baron Rosen, are here to get a treaty of peace if they can get it at any price.

terms Russia can possibly withstand. They want peace. All their pessimism, all their ominous forebodings, all their protestations that they must not be humiliated, count for nothing.

Japan's Terms Are Conservative.
Japan, on the other hand, has not gone to the extremes indicated in some of the expressions of those close to the envoys. The terms are said to be harsh, but it is quite evident they are not so harsh that Russia, after getting all the concessions possible can not accept them.

The terms have been cabled to the Czar. It is possible, of course, that the Russians at St. Petersburg will reject the terms and close the negotiations, but that seems hardly probable in view of the Russian suggestion that the terms are "subject to discussion."

What Russia intends to do is to bargain and Japan has left a place open for the bargaining. This can be stated with authority. If the terms are not rejected at once by the Czar and his advisers and if the negotiations continue after the next meeting of the envoys, which will be held as soon as the reply to the cablegram sent to Russia are received by M. Witte, there will be a peace treaty.

Arranges for Indemnity.

Russia has expected to pay an indemnity all along. Tentative arrangements are making now in the money markets of the world for five hundred millions of dollars. That must be peace money, for every money center in the world says Russian can have no more money for war.

There can be no doubt that the Japanese terms are subject to modification. There was no "irreducible minimum" mentioned in them. Japan, when handing her terms to Russia, issued no ultimatum. That is clear from the Russian statement that the terms are "open to discussion."

The Japanese themselves have made no comment of any kind on the terms. They have given them to Russia and are awaiting the outcome of communications with St. Petersburg. It is undeniably true that Japan has a limit beneath which she will not go, but that limit was not placed in the terms Baron Komura presented.

The Japanese are shrewd at a bargain themselves. They are willing to be so, and anxious for peace. Thus the way is open and it is confidently predicted here that the outcome will be a treaty.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

Panel Breckner, a farmer, was found murdered and robbed yesterday near Indianapolis, Ind. John James is under arrest and a negro who is dangerously wounded is under surveillance.

Samuel Stennan, a miner employed at the Montreal mine at Hurley, Wis., was shot and killed near his home. The sheriff and a posse in pursuit of Peter Desrolia, another miner.

Charles Stevenson died last night at North Salem, Ind., from wounds received in a fight with knives with John Nolan as a result of a quarrel over a game of cards. Nolan is believed to be fatally wounded.

STEEL TRUST MEN MAY GO ON STRIKE

Walkout of United States Corporation
Workmen May Back Up Bridge
Men's Action.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 11.—A general strike against the United States Steel corporation threatens in consequence of the strike declared by the International Association of Structural Iron Workers and Bridge Men's union against the American Bridge company. Four thousand men are said to have walked out. President Frank Buchanan and Secretary J. J. McNamara ordered the men to quit work Wednesday morning and a majority of the unions obeyed, although several refused to go out. The New York locals declined to heed the mandate issued by the leaders, and continued at work, while Chicago, Albany, and Cleveland organizations struck under protest.

Five local associations in five states have taken up the trouble with the American Bridge company and will investigate conditions. They are those of New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Missouri. At a meeting in Cleveland many of the locals contended that the strike is unwarranted and accuse the leaders of acting too hastily, saying the company had not been warned of the contemplated move.

Manager Lofland of Philadelphia, in charge of the New York and eastern Pennsylvania for the American Bridge company, sent a telegram to Secretary McNamara asking whether newspaper reports that a strike was to be called were true and calling attention to the fact that the contracts between the locals and the company called for notice of any grievance before a walk-out might be ordered. Mr. McNamara replied that the strike had been ordered because the company had made subcontracts with firms employing nonunion men. The secretary asserted unsuccessful attempts had been made by union agents to see Mr. Lofland and report the men's grievance.

**There's the man
with the money,
ready and waiting—are YOU the
man with the plan, or the business
that needs booming? A want ad.
will find a "backer" for anything
worth "backing."**

**Gazette Want Ads.,
Three Lines Three Times, 25c**

WANT ADS.

WANTED—Boarders at 123 N. Academy street.

WANTED—A cook, immediately; wages \$1 per day; Also, girls for hotel work and private houses. Mrs. E. McCarthy, 276 W. Milwaukee St. Both places.

BOARDING and furnished rooms. Prices reasonable. 5 Prospect avenue.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. M. E. Wood, 1001 Milwaukee St.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Mrs. W. C. Hart, 251 South Main St.

WANTED—To rent, Oct. 1st, or soon after, a convenient flat, or medium sized house, in good condition, with bath, in city, by a family of three adults. Address, stating price, care Gazette.

WANTED—A back room or part of dry attic in which to store small quantity of household goods. Leave address at Gazette office.

WANTED—Two ladies or gentlemen to solicit orders for the New York Lamp Co. Salary or commission. Leave name and address with clerk at Myers Hotel, 730 p. m. H. W. Main, Manager.

WANTED—A first class second hand bicycle. Roy Peterson, South Main street.

WANTED—Med at the brick yards. Inquire of Fred Fries, at brick yards.

WANTED—Girls for general work and knitting. Good wages; steady employment. Lewis Knitting Co.

WANTED—Lady or gentleman of fair education to travel for a firm on Western capital. Salary \$10.00 per year and expenses; paid weekly and expenses advanced. Address with stamp, J. A. Alexander, Janesville, Wis.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Eight room house; good lot; soft water; in fine location. E. N. Fredendall, 57 S. Main St.

FOR SALE—An eight-acre farm; good soil; four miles west of Janesville, on Mineral Point avenue. Well improved; mostly wooded. For terms call on or address M. V. Witham, owner of farm, Janesville, Wis.

FOR SALE—A lot of household goods, stoves, tables, chairs, etc. C. J. Blakely, 303 Glen Street.

FOR SALE—A lively stock in city. Barnum if taken soon. Stock in good condition; doing a good business. Will take in exchange a small farm or house and lot.

We have City, Farm and Business Property for rent, sale or exchange. A good business property; also a fine and comfortable business, among our bargains today.

If you have real or personal property for sale or exchange, come and see us. We buy, sell, or rent, write, fire and life insurance. Call or phone (New) 240, Room 2, Central Block, Janesville, Wis. J. H. BURNS.

FOR SALE—35 full blooded Lehigh hogs, 50 cents each. Call up old phone 485.

FOR SALE—Very strong frame building, 15x20, two stories, located at 113 N. River St., rear of brick building now being remodeled. Inquire of George Woodruff, Adm'r.

FOR SALE—Old parlor, for carpets, stoves or wrapping furniture, at Gazette office.

FOR SALE—2-story frame house, adjoining new Methodist church; must be removed at once. E. W. Lowell, 5 Carpenter block.

FOR SALE—House and lot in Fourth ward; good well and cistern; large garden. F. P. Grove, 29 S. Main St.

FOR SALE—Singer tailor sewing machine; good as new; price \$18. Inquire at Gazette office.

FOR SALE—Large house with all modern improvements. Bath room with hot and cold water, electric lights, hard wood floors, etc. Beautiful surroundings. "dearest view" the house. Eight acres of land, including shaded driveway approaching. Home of the late H. S. Woodruff. This part of the property is independent of the farm land and buildings adjoining, at a very low price. Inquire of George Woodruff, Adm'r, Janesville, Wis.

FOR SALE—A 3-acre farm in high state of cultivation; first class building; in town of Center. W. E. Richards, Janesville, Rt. No. 6.

FOR SALE—One covered mill wagon with glass windows, shafts, a bargain. F. A. Taylor.

FOR SALE—Fine brick residence of the late Seth Fisher on North Jackson street. House has all modern improvements, and must be sold at once to close estate. Bargain for quick sale. E. W. LOWELL, 5 Carpenter Block, Janesville, Wis.

WE HAVE—A large and complete list of city and residential property for sale or exchange at Janesville and other towns in the state.

Several good houses for rent; cheap.

Three good houses for sale or exchange, doing a good business and centrally located.

200 acres in Rock and adjoining counties, from \$5 per acre up. It will pay you to look our list over if you are looking for a farm.

Three good lots at Delavan Lake assembly grounds for sale cheap.

If you have city or farm property for sale, call and see us.

Five per cent money to loan on good real estate security.

FOR SALE—One of the finest modern up-to-date homes in the city. In fine location and on good street. If you want a bargain, call and see us.

Call or write us, both places.

Fire Insurance, Rock, Estate and Loans. 21 West Milwaukee street, Room No. 2, Phone Block, Janesville, Wis.

Want ads—3 lines 3 times, 25c.

Forty Years Ago.

Janesville, Daily Gazette, Friday, August 11, 1865.—Adjournment of the Fifth Assembly District Union Convention.—The District Convention for this assembly district have taken occasion to adjourn the meeting called for next Saturday, and have appointed the second day of September for the holding of said convention. The reasons for such action are set forth by the committee in their notice published elsewhere.

A Man Killed.—Thomas Divine was killed at the Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien depot this morning about three o'clock, while attempting to get on to the train that was taking out. He was in a state of intoxication and fell under the cars. Justice Gillett held an inquest over the body today, when the above facts were elicited.

The unfortunate man leaves no family having been divorced from his wife several years since. He had served four years in the army.

Manufacturing.—Another meeting is to be held in the Common Council rooms tomorrow evening to consider the subject of organizing a manufacturing company for this city. All persons interested in the growth and prosperity of this place are earnestly requested to be present and give the meeting their countenance and support. Such an enterprise merits the cordial approbation of all classes of citizens, and the meeting ought

to be fully attended, as it will no doubt be. By order of the committee.

A Severe Loss.—We regret to learn that Dr. Henry Palmer, formerly of this city, has met with a heavy loss recently in Chicago. He deposited with the clerk of the Revere House, something over five thousand dollars, which was abstracted from the safe by some person unknown to the doctor. Dr. Palmer was about to purchase in Chicago, and called on the clerk for his deposit, when the discovery was first made that it was gone. No clue to the thief so far. The lost money was the hard earnings, wrought out by a close application to an arduous profession during four years of unceasing labor in the service of the country, and the doctor's many friends will deeply sympathize with him in his loss.

More Soldiers Coming Home.—The 27th and 28th Wisconsin regiments have been ordered mustered out. The 23d regiment was at Vicksburg on the 1st inst. Part of the 45th, the whole of the 20th and the whole of the 12th are being paid off at Madison this week.

The notorious desperado, Billy Mulligan, was killed in San Francisco on the 5th, by the police who were endeavoring to arrest him. Before being shot, Mulligan killed three persons in quick succession.

COUNTY NEWS

AFTON WOODMEN PLANNING ANNUAL PICNIC; WILL BE HELD IN MILLER'S GROVE

Committees Appointed by Camp To Make Arrangements—Aug. 31 Suggested as Date.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.] Afton, Aug. 11.—Afton Camp No. 2192, M. W. A. has long been noted for the excellence of its annual picnics, consequently many will be pleased to learn that the initial steps have been taken in regard to the 1903 outing. At the last meeting of the camp it was unanimously voted to hold a picnic as usual this year and a general committee, of arrangements was named, the members of which are O. D. Antisdel, U. G. Waite and Dick Brinkman. This committee has placed the details of the affair in the hands of the following sub-committees: Grounds—W. J. Miller, A. W. Stark, C. F. Waite; Refreshments—John Brinkman, August Engelke, Fritz Holzappel, P. R. Eldredge, Mark Swan, J. J. Dunfield; Games—Frank H. Ods, Charles Geeser, C. J. Rice, William Brinkman; Music—Dick Brinkman, J. B. Humphrey; Advertising—U. G. Waite, J. W. Seales. It has been decided to hold the picnic in Miller's grove, just north of the village, this being a point readily accessible for those living on either side of the river. While the date has not been definitely fixed yet, Thursday, August 31st, has been suggested, and seems to meet the approval of all. When this matter is settled, due notice will be given, so that all may arrange to spend a day with the Woodmen in the forest.

MISCELLANEOUS

J. P.—The Cooper medicines are kept by Holmstrom, the druggist, use a bottle of each for your rheumatism; it's splendid.

LOST—Ladies' silk umbrella; green, with white check border, at Olanquanga grounds Sunday, Aug. 6. Please leave at Gazette office.

SEVEN mail tickets for one dollar at Watson's restaurant.

DISTRICT managers; exceptional contract, include any territory, with old line stock, with accident insurance company. Splendid opening for realists. Address, National, 11 Cavalier Block, Milwaukee, Wis.

LOST, on East Milwaukee street—A small package containing a dress collar. Finder please return to this office.

JANESVILLE MARKET REPORT

Quotations on Grain and Produce for the Gazette.

REPORTED BY F. A. SPOON & CO.

Aug. 8, 1903.

WHEAT—No. 1, flat, at \$1.60 to \$1.65 2nd Pat. at \$1.40 to \$1.50 per sack.

WINTER wheat flour, \$1.45 to \$1.50.

WHEAT—No. 3, winter, 80¢ to 85¢; No. 3 Spring 90¢ to 95¢.

BARLEY—Old, 40¢ to 42¢; fair to good malting 45¢ to 50¢; mostly grade and feed, 25¢ to 30¢.

OATS—No. 1, white, 25¢ to 26¢; fair, 24¢ to 25¢; No. 2, white, 23¢ to 24¢; No. 3, white, 22¢ to 23¢; No. 4, white, 21¢ to 22¢; No. 5, white, 20¢ to 21¢; No. 6, white, 19¢ to 20¢; No. 7, white, 18¢ to 19¢; No. 8, white, 17¢ to 18¢; No. 9, white, 16¢ to 17¢; No. 10, white, 15¢ to 16¢; No. 11, white, 14¢ to 15¢; No. 12, white, 13¢ to 14¢; No. 13, white, 12¢ to 13¢; No. 14, white, 11¢ to 12¢; No. 15, white, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 16, white, 9¢ to 10¢; No. 17, white, 8¢ to 9¢; No. 18, white, 7¢ to 8¢; No. 19, white, 6¢ to 7¢; No. 20, white, 5¢ to 6¢; No. 21, white, 4¢ to 5¢; No. 22, white, 3¢ to 4¢; No. 23, white, 2¢ to 3¢; No. 24, white, 1¢ to 2¢; No. 25, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 26, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 27, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 28, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 29, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 30, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 31, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 32, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 33, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 34, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 35, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 36, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 37, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 38, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 39, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 40, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 41, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 42, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 43, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 44, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 45, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 46, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 47, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 48, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 49, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 50, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 51, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 52, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 53, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 54, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 55, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 56, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 57, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 58, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 59, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 60, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 61, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 62, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 63, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 64, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 65, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 66, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 67, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 68, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 69, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 70, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 71, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 72, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 73, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 74, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 75, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 76, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 77, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 78, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 79, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 80, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 81, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 82, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 83, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 84, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 85, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 86, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 87, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 88, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 89, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 90, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 91, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 92, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 93, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 94, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 95, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 96, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 97, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 98, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 99, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 100, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 101, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 102, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 103, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 104, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 105, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 106, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 107, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 108, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 109, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 110, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 111, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 112, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 113, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 114, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 115, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 116, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 117, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 118, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 119, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 120, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 121, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 122, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 123, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 124, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 125, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 126, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 127, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 128, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 129, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 130, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 131, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 132, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 133, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 134, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 135, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 136, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 137, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 138, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 139, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 140, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 141, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 142, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 143, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 144, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 145, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 146, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 147, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 148, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 149, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 150, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 151, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 152, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 153, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 154, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 155, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 156, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 157, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 158, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 159, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 160, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 161, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 162, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 163, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 164, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 165, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 166, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 167, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 168, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 169, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 170, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 171, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 172, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 173, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 174, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 175, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 176, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 177, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 178, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 179, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 180, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 181, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 182, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 183, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 184, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 185, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 186, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 187, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 188, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 189, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 190, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 191, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 192, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 193, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 194, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 195, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 196, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 197, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 198, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 199, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 200, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 201, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 202, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 203, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 204, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 205, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 206, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 207, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 208, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 209, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 210, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 211, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 212, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 213, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 214, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 215, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 216, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 217, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 218, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 219, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 220, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 221, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 222, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 223, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 224, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 225, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 226, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 227, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 228, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 229, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 230, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 231, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 232, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 233, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 234, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 235, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 236, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 237, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 238, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 239, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 240, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 241, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 242, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 243, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 244, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 245, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 246, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 247, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 248, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 249, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 250, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 251, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 252, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 253, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 254, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 255, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 256, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 257, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 258, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 259, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 260, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 261, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 262, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 263, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 264, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 265, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 266, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 267, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 268, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 269, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 270, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 271, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 272, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 273, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 274, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 275, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 276, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 277, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 278, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 279, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 280, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 281, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 282, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 283, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 284, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 285, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 286, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 287, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 288, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 289, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 290, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 291, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 292, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 293, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 294, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 295, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 296, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 297, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 298, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 299, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 300, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 301, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 302, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 303, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 304, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 305, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 306, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 307, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 308, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 309, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 310, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 311, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 312, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 313, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 314, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 315, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 316, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 317, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 318, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 319, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 320, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 321, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 322, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 323, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 324, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 325, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 326, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 327, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 328, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 329, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 330, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 331, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 332, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 333, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 334, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 335, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 336, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 337, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 338, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 339, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 340, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 341, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 342, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 343, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 344, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 345, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 346, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 347, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 348, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 349, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 350, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 351, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 352, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 353, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 354, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 355, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 356, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 357, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 358, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 359, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 360, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 361, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 362, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 363, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 364, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 365, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 366, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 367, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 368, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 369, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 370, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 371, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 372, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 373, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 374, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 375, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 376, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 377, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 378, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 379, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 380, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 381, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 382, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 383, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 384, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 385, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 386, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 387, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 388, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 389, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 390, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 391, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 392, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 393, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 394, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 395, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 396, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 397, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 398, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 399, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 400, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 401, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 402, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 403, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 404, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 405, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 406, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 407, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 408, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 409, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 410, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 411, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 412, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 413, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 414, white, 0¢ to 1¢; No. 415, white,

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE

Business Office Open Saturday

Evenings.

Entered at the postoffice at Janesville, Wisconsin, as second class mail matter.



TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Edition—By Carrier:

One Year \$6.00
 One Month 50
 One Year cash in advance 5.00
 Six Months, cash in advance 2.50
 Three Months, cash in advance 1.25

Daily Edition By Mail:

CASH IN ADVANCE.
 One Year \$4.00
 Six Months 2.00
 One Year—Rural delivery in Rock Co. 3.00
 Six Months—Rural delivery in Rock Co. 1.50
 WEEKLY EDITION—One Year 1.50
 Long Distance Telephone, No. 77.
 Business Office 77-2
 Editorial Rooms 77-3

Local rains; cooler tonight and Saturday.

"The aim, if reached or not, makes great the life. Try to be Shakespeare—leave the rest to fate." In advertising that store, try to be Wauwau— the rest is secure.

BE OPTIMISTIC.

"Do not admit that any town is better than your own. There is too much complaining about the deadness of the town, the unprogressiveness of its citizens, and the perversity of everything and everybody. This kind of talk will never make your business any brighter. Remember that whatever be the faults and failings of your particular bailiwick, that is the place in which you have cast your lot, and that your success depends primarily on the town's success. Be optimistic.

If there is any royal road to success, it lies in that. Convince yourself, first, that you are doing business in a community of intelligent people, who are able and ready to buy your goods if you can show them that they are right in quality and price. Then get out and show them. That is what an advertisement is for—that is what your show windows are for. You will be surprised how infectious such a spirit of enterprise is. It will spread from you to your next door neighbor, from him to the rest of the street, and from that street to the rest of the town. That is what you want. Life and spirit in the town means business and profits for you. Be optimistic.

This sensible advice from the Canada Bookseller and Stationer, is worth considering, for it applies to a certain class of people in every community. There are a few of these people even in Janesville. People who never have a good word for the town which gives them a home, and who seem to find satisfaction in denouncing it as the poorest town in the state.

They are like a certain class of foreigners who come to this country to enjoy its freedom and who constantly talk about the fatherland, and attempt to belittle the land of their adoption by edious comparison. It is always a mystery why these people ever left the land of their birth, or why they don't go back and enjoy it.

The man who don't appreciate the town where his lot is cast, should get out of it. He is a detriment to the community.

If there was ever a time when people generally could afford to be optimistic that time is today, and if there is a city or county anywhere in the land which presents a more hopeful outlook than the Bower City, and the banner county behind it, will someone please locate it on the map. The man or woman who can't find happiness in such pleasant and prosperous environments, will be disappointed with a seat near the throne later on.

Janesville presents so many attractions for a home that many more people should be privileged to enjoy it. This is the belief of the Improvement Association, recently organized, and the campaign, which will be vigorously prosecuted, will be a campaign of education along these lines.

Every citizen should be an enthusiast for Janesville, for the spirit of enthusiasm is contagious.

Shea, of the Chicago teamsters' union, has made his reputation and public opinion will not be changed by anything which President Compers may say in his defense. He belongs to the class of agitators which are a curse to organized labor, and the organization which he led to defeat is a by-word today because of his erratic movements.

New Orleans is humiliated by federal interference. The city is being taught a lesson on sanitation which will be of permanent benefit if properly heeded. It has come to be a plague spot, and a menace, not only to residents of the city, but to the nation as well. The government has a right to interfere, and would be severely censured if it did not.

The disgruntled teamsters of Chicago, who find themselves out of employment because of the strike, will gain nothing by their brutal attacks on non-union men. The open shop has come to stay, so far as the teamsters are concerned, and the quicker the men recognize this fact the better it will be for them. The employers' association is a permanent organization.

The indictment found against Mr. Pfister is the culmination of the most dastardly political warfare ever made on a citizen, in Wisconsin or any other state. It is in keeping with the methods adopted by the men who have gained temporary control of the state, and whose policy is rule or ruin.

PRESS COMMENT.

Oshkosh Northwestern: In altogether too many cases in this world the wages of sin is wealth.

Milwaukee Sentinel: Edmund Clarence Steadman says "there isn't much money in poetry." Nor in prose either, for that matter.

Exchange: It is a little disappointing that the first sign of China's real awakening should be a boycott at our expense.

Chicago Record-Herald: A Missouri judge has decided that "sunflowers are weeds." Missouri must be trying to work up an armed conflict with Kansas.

Racine Journal: From July 1st, to May 11th, 1905, 2,715 Chinese were admitted into the United States. The number of Japanese is given as 10,162. These are the official figures.

Madison Journal: Gov. Bob seems to want the cheers of the crowd without being willing to stand the cold, grim record of the printed page.

Chicago Tribune: The new Methodist hymnal contains hymns written by Richard Watson Gilder, John Hay, Rudyard Kipling, and Washington Gladden, and they are good enough to be in any hymnal.

La Crosse Leader-Press: Puns on M. Witte's name should be made—it puns ever should be made—with due regard to the fact that when it comes to pronunciation that initial W is a V.

Philadelphia Inquirer: When rats get into the corn crib the farmer does not discharge his overseer; he sets a few rat traps. That seems to be about the way President Roosevelt proposes to deal with the Agricultural Department.

From Milwaukee Journal's Communication column: To the Editor of the Journal: Is there a state veterinary surgeon, and if there is please give his name and address.

Farnell, Wis. SUBSCRIBER: Dr. Evan D. Roberts of Janesville is the state veterinarian.

Appleton Crescent: The insurance companies used to make a good deal of fuss over the "risks" that they took. In view of the present developments, the policy holder probably thinks that he is the one who is taking the risk.

Evening Wisconsin: Of course Watertown isn't what her name would indicate when she welcomes her former people on their annual pilgrimage to the places of auld lang syne.

Minneapolis Journal: The president of Ecuador was being married when a tremendous uproar arose in the palace yard. The president, turned pale. "A revolution," shouted an excited officer rushing into the chapel. "Let the wedding proceed," said the president. "I feared it was an American charivari."

London Globe: A certain lady of wealth living in the north of Ireland was recovering from a serious illness and one morning called for an egg, which she ate with much enjoyment. As she passed back the cup and plate to her nurse, she said: "An egg is a delicious thing." Then, with much melancholy: "What a pity," she added "it is so common among the poor."

Marquette Eagle-Star: There must be some money in gambling when the pool sellers can chase all over Lake Michigan in a chartered boat to escape the Chicago officers, as they have done at Chicago. They have come over into Wisconsin waters and Gov. Davidson is on the look-out for them.

Peoria Herald-Transcript: Some time during the round of festivities which have been planned for the entertainment of the peace commissioners, Baron Komura is expected to give M. Witte a hunch, draw him off into a corner and inform him that Japan expects a remittance of \$750,000,000, together with several other trivial matters not worth considering.

Minneapolis Tribune: It now turns out that Mr. Chauncey Depew to whom the Equitable Assurance society has been paying \$20,000 annually has not a dollar of insurance in the company. Of course this is not startling in itself, but when one considers that Mr. Depew carries \$500,000 of life insurance in other companies, it looks like a lack of confidence in his own company—the one in which he holds a directorship.

Milwaukee Journal: The figures show that Chicago, Washington, Columbus, Ga., and Meridian, Miss., are the only cities in the United States where the minimum pay of school teachers is higher than the minimum pay of street sweepers. We do a lot of bragging about the common school system of this country. We are very proud of our general education. We like to think and to say that our learning is illuminating the remotest points on the earth. But there is not so much complacent satisfaction for self-respecting people in the fact that these great results have been brought about not through our own liberality, but through the sacrifice and self-denial of the thousands of noble men and women who give their trained minds, their high character, their whole lives, to the uplifting of our children, and get but a bare pittance.

Had Waited and Waited. From Sentinel Hotel Column: "I have a peculiar experience in a little hotel up in the state last week," said John Spearman of Chicago, at the Re-

publican house. "I know the landlord pretty well, and whenever I visit his house he tries to give me a good room. But this time when I registered he seemed put out about something, and when the time came for me to go to the room to which I had been assigned to he came over and said that he would like to have a little talk with me.

"I am sorry to have to do this, Mr. Spearman, he said, but the only room I have to give you is directly over that of one of our regular boarders, who is an unusually nervous man. We never rent the room until all the others have been filled, and I must ask you not to make any noise, as you may not be the poor fellow of his entire night's rest by a little carelessness."

"I assured the landlord that I would be most careful, but before retiring I attended a theatre and when I came in I had entirely forgotten the circumstances. I sat on the bed and took off one shoe, which I dropped with a crash.

"Suddenly I remembered the nervous man below me. Without a particle of noise I got to bed and could only hope that the one shoe which I had let fall had not disturbed the invalid. As I was dropping off to sleep there was a knock at my door. I quietly got up and opened it, and discovered a man attired in a long bath robe.

"I trust you will pardon me for disturbing you, sir," he said, "but I have the room below you and am an exceptionally nervous man. I heard you drop your shoe some time ago, and ever since I have tried in vain to go to sleep. I fear I shall be unable to do so unless I hear you drop the other one, if it will not be too much trouble."

Who Are the Loafers?

Superior Telegram: The chief of police of Detroit, Mich., has given orders that the streets be cleared of loafers and loafers. There may be some trouble in dividing the goats from the sheep. It looks like a difficult job. All loafers are not sun-burned sons of either toil or rest. There are hoboes pure and simple who will not work under any circumstances. There are "gay cats" who work when they get hungry, if begging fails to supply their needs. There are also loafers who wear good clothes, who smoke good cigars and drink highballs. Some of these depend upon a rich father, some upon a wife who is in a salaried position, and some get their subsistence in less creditable ways. Patrolmen, in spite of their different glances at the local crowds, have a pretty fair classification of the regular loafers in public places in their heads and they can act with considerable discretion, but some embarrassing incidents may be looked for because patrolmen can not have accurate knowledge of every individual's character. They can not always discriminate between loafers who must work in order to get an honest living and those who subsist by dependence upon others.

Call of the Wilderness.

Richard Haste in Four Truck News: Have you never heard of the wilderness? Have you never felt the mesmeric power of the vast, silent places where no man lives? Have you never gone forth in obedience to those mysterious summons and into the solitude of mountain and forest where silence is a thing? Then have you yet to learn the great secret; you have yet to know the joy of primal man, the thrilling exaltation of absolute kingship; for it is

ADOPTS CASH SYSTEM

F. A. Taylor, who owns one of the largest and best equipped coal yards in Janesville and whose uptown office is No. 62 So. River street, will, beginning Sept. 1st, conduct his business on a strictly cash basis.

There is every reason why fuel should be sold for cash. The producing companies have universally adopted a cash system in marketing their products; the railroad companies collect freight charges on arrival of the cars; employees who deliver fuel throughout the city are paid their wages each Saturday night; and all other items of expense entering into cash in any way connected with the purchasing and delivering of coal means an expenditure of cash by the coal dealer.

In conversation with Mr. Taylor today a representative of the Gazette was informed of the present status of the coal trade and was surprised to learn of some of the conditions that exist. Among other things, the marketing of fuel by the producing companies is worthy of attention. Every producing company, which means those who operate the mines and sell its product, have adopted the cash system and contracts between the operator and coal dealer are of the most rigid form. The following is a copy of a clause in one of the largest mining company's contracts, which refers to terms, under which fuel is sold: "Terms of sale invariably cash (Chicago or New York Exchange, express charges prepaid) on receipt of bill." Another company's and the most liberal contract in existence reads: "All accounts payable the 10th of month following shipment, and if not so paid subject to sight draft without notice."

Often the invoice for a car of coal, shipped the last of the month, coming from the Pennsylvania mines is due before the car reaches its destination. Under these conditions, the coal dealer sells that which he pays cash for in advance, and it seems only reasonable that the cash plan should extend to the retail trade. Asked as to how he would feel if his new way of selling fuel Mr. Taylor said that he believed it would be very popular among buyers, for most every one likes to buy for cash. Furthermore, he believed the public should know that coal is a spot cash commodity and when it is so understood, he believed everyone will want to pay the cash.

This year will be conducted on a strictly cash basis, beginning Sept. 1st. No pains will be spared in taking care of customers; the highest grades of fuel only will be sold and every effort used to bring the service up to the highest point.

only along the unblazed trails of the wild, along the untrodden, fern set and tangled paths by lake and river, or along the dizzy slant of mountain side, than man walks—the sovereign of himself and the earth. We are becoming overcivilized. The red blood is thinning in our veins and the marrow of our bones is drying up. The world is too much with us. We are wasting our powers and losing sight of our origin. But there are times when we are reminded of our inheritance—the freedom of unlimited space and our kinship with the life of the wild. In the midst of our struggles to get on, when surfeited with books or brain-fagged with too much thinking, when the fingers have grown numb with the handling of ledgers and the eyes dim with gazing at the ever-present dollar sign in the agony of self-repression, that attends this eternal strife of getting and spending, there comes to everyone, like the echo of a memory, the distant call of the wilderness. The call is insistent—the impulse to heed is instinctive. It is at once a promulgation and a recognition of the great law of race preservation.

RESULTS OF BASEBALL GAMES

National League.
 Chicago, 0; New York, 1.
 St. Louis, 5; Brooklyn, 4.
 Pittsburgh, 4; Boston, 7.
 Cincinnati, 4; Philadelphia, 1.
 American League.
 New York, 2; Chicago, 8.
 Boston, 1; Detroit, 3-3.
 American Association.
 Columbus, 3; Milwaukee, 0.
 Toledo, 0; Kansas City, 2.
 Indianapolis, 1; Minneapolis, 10.
 Three Eye League.
 Decatur, 6; Rock Island, 0.
 Central League.
 Wheeling, 11; South Bend, 5.
 Evansville, 2; Springfield, 3.
 Terre Haute, 4; Canton, 3.
 Dayton, 2-0; Grand Rapids, 1-8.

Russian Treaty Is Assured.
 St. Petersburg, Aug. 11.—After a fortnight's negotiation with Foreign Minister Lamsdorff and M. Kokovtsov, minister of finance, Ambassador Meyer has arrived at a satisfactory basis for solution of the sugar tariff controversy with Russia.

Call to Colored Methodists.
 Detroit, Mich., Aug. 11.—Bishop Alexander Walters of the African Methodist Episcopal Zion church, and Dr. William H. Steward have sent out the formal calls for a convention of the council, to be held in Detroit, beginning Aug. 30.

Forgery-Proof Money Order.
 Washington, Aug. 11.—Before leaving on his vacation Postmaster General Cortelyou directed the issuance of a new form of money order which will, it is believed, be proof against alteration in the hands of forgers.

Hero of the Oregon Retires.
 Washington, Aug. 11.—Rear Admiral Charles E. Clark, one of the naval heroes of the Spanish war, became 62 years of age Thursday, and for that reason was transferred to the retired list of the navy.

Lightning Kills Two Men.
 Cushing, O. T., Aug. 11.—George Johnson and William James were killed by lightning. The men were standing under a tree which the lightning struck.

Dry It in Janesville.

Quarrel Over Young Woman.
 Mt. Vernon, Ill., Aug. 11.—Ezra Morgan shot and killed Robert Moore at Woodlawn, near here, in a quarrel about Moore's daughter, Morgan surrendered.

Brothers Killed in Sandbank.
 Corydon, Ind., Aug. 11.—Joseph and Edward Florin, brothers, aged 14 and 16, were killed while playing in a sandbank excavation which collapsed.

Want ads bring results.

A house is incomplete without being wired for

ELECTRIC LIGHTS...

The cost of installing is within reach of all. Get our estimate today.

JANESVILLE CONTRACTING CO.,
 On the Bridge.

Band Concert
 Ho-no-ne-gah Park
Sun. Aug. 13th.

Janesville Imperial Band

Plenty of Shade and Room for Picnic Dinners for a Host

Swing your hammocks and listen to the music in the afternoon

Two cars every 30 minutes via "The Electric."

Dry It in Janesville.

100 LATE TO CLASSIFY

Beauty's charm, a Satin Skin, secured using Satin Skin Cream and Satin Skin Complexion Powder, 25c.

LAMPS! LAMPS!
 A New Department.
DECORATED GLOBE LAMPS

All the New Fall Styles—Prices the Lowest.
 98c, \$1.32, \$1.72, \$2.22, \$2.72, \$2.98, \$3.72, \$3.92, \$4.32 & \$4.92.
 NOTICE DISPLAY IN EAST WINDOW.

EXTRA SPECIAL
 Large size deep China Salad Dish, nice pink and rose decoration, regular 35c value, for a few days only 21c

The NICHOLS CO.
 Department Store, W. Milwaukee St.

NOW IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY

We pay for country mixed iron 40c hundred and for rags \$1.40 per hundred. Special prices for all kinds of metal, bottles and hides. We send our wagon to any part of the city.
ROSTEIN BROS.
 62 S. River St.
 Old Phone 3512 New Phone 1012

Special Sale of Silk Skirts, Silk Petticoats, Jap Silk Waists

\$7.50, \$8.00 and \$9.00 Silk Dress Skirts—brown, navy, white and fancy—at **\$5.00.**

Silk Petticoats—\$5.00 and \$6.00 Silk Petticoats at **\$3.75.**

\$6.50, \$7.00 and \$7.50 Silk Petticoats at **\$5.00.**

Jap Silk Waists—The balance of our Jap Silk Waists we offer at half price. Special numbers at **\$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50.**

Our Summer Clearing Sale is now on. Special low prices on all lines.

Archie Reid & Co.

HEADQUARTERS FOR FINE FRUIT.
 Concord Grapes, basket.....25c
 California Peaches, doz.....20c
 California Pears, doz.....20c & 25c
 Plums, doz 5c to 20c
 Shurtleff's Ice Cream always on hand.
 Telephone No. 1014.
A. KARY & SON.

August Challenge

SUIT SELLING Today and every day this month. Better clothes we never offered at such low figures

THREE LOTS

\$4.95 Suits of pure worsted materials, splendidly tailored—regular \$10 values.	\$8.95 Extra values. \$12.50 would be cheap for these suits. Best of woolsens, best of tailors, now	\$11.95 Imported cloth of purest worsteds hand tailored throughout. If you paid us \$18.00 for them you'd pay none too much.
4.95	8.95	11.95

SPECIAL MOTHERS

Boy's Combination suits—waist and pants—the finest play suit ever made, ages 3 to 8, while they last **25c**

Now selling at rapid pace, that's because our prices are the kind that convince. Not a pair will be carried over so come and get your share of the many good things.

Oxfords For genuine hand turned black and tan Vici oxfords, all sizes left, regular price \$2.00, now **\$1.39** For welted or turn sole oxfords, both tan & black regular \$3 & 2.50 **\$1.89**

\$2.69 For men's tan low or high shoe Goodyear welt soles regular price \$3.50, now **\$2.69** **New Fall Arrivals** Bostonian \$3.50 shoes for men. Queen Quality shoes for women, \$3.00 and \$3.50.

AMOS REHBERG & CO.,

TWO STORES--CLOTHING AND SHOES, 117 THE BRIDGE

MILWAUKEE TRAIN DERAILED COACH

ACCIDENT HAPPENED AT 7:20
THIS MORNING

NEAR JACKSON ST. CROSSING

Broken Flange on Engine Tender
Caused the Accident—No
One Was Injured.

This morning as the 7:20 passenger train on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road was nearing the station, a broken flange on the tender of the engine struck the rails just north of the North Jackson street tower, causing the baggage car to leave the tracks. The rails on the main track were spread and several of them bent and broken. The locomotive passed safely over, but the baggage coach went off on to the side track. Immediately after the accident a wrecking crew was sent to the scene. The switch engine crew assisted in getting the baggage car back on the track, but it was noon before the side tracks had been put in shape. The 7:30 train for Milwaukee did not leave until nine o'clock. The morning passenger trains pulled into the station and had to back out again onto the main track to get away from the station. The workmen had the tracks all in shape by twelve o'clock.

SAYS THE ROCK WAS AS BIG AS A SAUCER

John Connors Accuses One of the
Honorable Aldermen of Hurl-
ing Boulders at Him

John Connors, sometimes called "McGinty," sought the district attorney and the municipal judge this morning with a grievance. He averred that one of Janesville's aldermen had hurled at him a rock as big as a saucer. He could not show this rock in evidence because, as he said, he had thrown it back through a window in the place of business owned by the alderman. However, he had secured a facsimile of the boulder which he claimed had hit him in the back just below the neck and this he exhibited as convincing proof. District Attorney Newhouse and the judge informed him that he would have to hire his own lawyer to begin the prosecution as the statute requires the county officers from taking up cases of simple assault. The only assault cases the state will handle are those wherein there is intent to do great bodily injury or murder, this being a state's prison offense. Mr. Connors did not think this was just. He was in very low spirits and asked the district attorney if he ought to commit suicide in order to escape the persecutions of his fellowmen. Mr. Newhouse advised him to entertain no such thoughts and cheer up.

DR. LOOFBORG OF MILTON JUNCTION TAKES BRIDE AT CLINTON ON WEDNESDAY

Clinton, August, Dr. Erlov B. Loofborg of Milton Junction and Miss Esther Townsend of Clinton were married at the home of the bride Wednesday. The Rev. Eli F. Loofborg of New York city, a brother of the bridegroom, officiated. President William Clinton Deland of Milton college played the wedding march.

PICNIC PARTY ENJOYED A TRIP ON LAUNCH "LORNA"

Supper Was Prepared Over a Camp-
fire and the Return Voyage
Was Made by Moonlight.
The Misses Irma Keller, Louise Merrill, Juliet Bostwick, Donald Seals, and Elizabeth McKee and the Messrs. Charles Gathraich, Douglas McKee, Henry Carpenter, John Saenger and Stowe Lovjoy, enjoyed a very pleasant river trip on the McKee launch "Lorna" and picnic yesterday afternoon. Supper was prepared over a campfire by Mr. McKee and the return trip was made by moonlight.

next Tuesday night on the church lawn.

SEC. WHITAKER IN MILWAUKEE

Janesville Man Establishes Head-
quarters and Tells Citizens They
Need More Watching.

With the removal of the State Barber Board headquarters this week from Janesville to Milwaukee, Secretary M. H. Whitaker has established his headquarters at 475 Market street. Most of the inspection work is done by him and owing to the fact that one-fourth of the barbers in the state are located in the Green City he has found that time and expense can be saved by making his residence there. Yesterday being his first business day in the new environment he signified the occasion by issuing a warrant for the arrest of a barber who has avoided renewing his license. "Milwaukee needs more watching than do the small towns, not only because a quarter of the barbers are here, but because in large cities rules of cleanliness are most openly disregarded," said Mr. Whitaker to an interviewer last night. "All shops are cleaner and safer from disease than they were when the law went into effect, particularly the cheap shops, but there are still some that need improvement. I have seen several that need better regulation since I arrived on Tuesday, but I shall not make any arrests at once on that ground. I shall first inform the barbers that they must keep their places cleaner."

THE WEATHER.

Temperature last 24 hours taken from U. S. registered thermometer at (Heintz's drugstore): highest, 83; lowest, 63; at 7 a. m., 73; at 3 p. m., 91; wind south; pleasant, very warm.

LATE LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF

Chickens, Nash.
Get our special sale prices on towels, table linens and napkins. T. P. Burns.
Roast beef, pork and veal. Nash.
The low prices we are making at our special clearing sale on ladies' tailor-made suits and wash suits will surprise and please you. T. P. Burns.
Spring chickens. Nash.
H. G. Doughnuts and bread. Nash.
Watermelons. Nash.
Green corn. Nash.
California plums. Nash.
Michigan plums for canning. Nash.
H. G. tomatoes. Nash.
H. G. winners and bologna. Nash.
Pure H. R. lard, 10c lb. Nash.
10-lb. pail pure H. R. lard, 50c. Nash.
Merriod Ladies' Sundry of St. Mary's church will have a lawn social regular luncheon 10c. Nash.
Regular ham 10c. Shoulder prices. Nash.

OBITUARY

John Wallace.
After a lingering illness of nearly a year's duration John Wallace passed peacefully away last night at half past eleven at the home of his mother, Mrs. Joseph Walker, 108 Court street. Mr. Wallace was twenty-six years of age and his untimely demise will bring pain to his many friends. There are left to mourn his death besides his mother, a sister, Mrs. John Carrigan of this city and two brothers, Justin Wallace of Rockford and Fred Wallace of Janesville.
Funeral services will be held tomorrow morning at nine o'clock from St. Patrick's church.

Mrs. L. A. Williams.
Funeral services over the remains of the late Mrs. L. A. Williams of Chicago were held this afternoon from the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Shurdell, South Main street at three o'clock. Rev. J. H. Tippet conducted the services. The song service was rendered by Mrs. Taylor and Mrs. J. Rockford. The pall bearers were S. Hutchinson, A. Russell, W. E. Clinton, A. Knudson, J. L. Fisher and L. L. Leslie. The interment was in Oak Hill cemetery.

Eagle Baseball Game.
The Beloit Eagles will play the Janesville Eagles at Crystal Springs Park Sunday afternoon. Teams leave at 1:30 and 2:30 p. m. It will be an exciting contest. Everybody is welcome.

MYSTERY ABOUT LONG SILENCE

CHARLES SEVERSON NOT HEARD
FROM FOR TWO WEEKS.

SAFETY IS NOW FEARED FOR

Left on July 27th, To Take Position
with Automobile Company in
New York City.

Since leaving Chicago July 26 Charles Severson of this city, who started for New York city to accept a position with an automobile manufacturing concern, has not been heard from and his wife, parents and friends fear for his safety. Mr. Severson left Janesville for Chicago on July 27 and was there to meet a representative of the New York firm. He wrote from the Windy City that he had found his man and would make the trip east by way of the lakes instead of rail and would possibly not write for a week. His relatives expected to hear from him in New York city several days ago and his silence has alarmed them. The firm's representative was a stranger to Mr. Severson and as the Janesville man had with him quite a sum of money it is possible that some ill has befallen him. Word has been sent to New York authorities and intelligence concerning him is expected every day.

INDIVIDUAL EFFORT IS STRONGLY URGED

Least-That Any Man Can Do Is To
Get a New Family Here, Is Dictum
of Advancement Association

Increasing interest is manifested at every successive meeting of the Janesville Advancement Association. Last evening a number of new members were reported as having been added to the roll. Consideration was given some very favorable prospects in the way of new industries for the Bower City and definite returns from the investigating work in progress are expected in a short time. It is felt that every individual in Janesville can and ought to be enlisted in an effort along this line. The man who knows of a family that is seeking a new place of residence or of an outside manufacturing concern, large or small, that is for any reason dissatisfied with its present quarters should allow no grass to grow under his feet before communicating with I. K. Wardenslyke. The Advancement Association is no organization of dreamers. It means business and the men who compose it are determined that there shall be a destiny for Greater Janesville and that no efforts that make for progress shall be spared.

SILICA STONE CO. HAS NEW PROCESS

Of Manufacturing Non-Porous Pro-
duct—New Milwaukee Con-
cern Organized.

The Hydraulic Stone & Brick Co. of Milwaukee, largely made up of the stockholders of the Silica Brick & Stone Co. of Janesville has been organized with a capital of \$50,000 to promote the manufacture of cement products under a new process perfected in Denver. The concern has as its territory the entire state of Wisconsin and the Janesville plant is the first to install one of the machines. Artificial stone is manufactured by what is known as the "wet process" in contradistinction to the "dry process" that has been employed. The advantage claimed for the product made in this manner is that it will not absorb moisture. This material is to be used in the power-house building on the Chicago Drainage canal which the Messrs. Hayes are constructing for one of the new state university buildings, and also for one of the largest compartment buildings in the world to be erected shortly in Chicago. The Janesville plant is located on property adjoining that of the Cement Paste Co.'s factory. About fourteen hands are employed there at present.

NEWS OF A PERSONAL NATURE

Mrs. S. Schimere is the guest of relatives in Hanover.
Miss Louise Warren is visiting her sister, Miss Gertrude Warren, in Albany.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Decker have returned from their wedding trip.
John B. De Swarte of Wawatosa was in the city yesterday and today on business.

The Misses Margaret and Mame Hewitt are visiting relatives and friends here.
Mrs. D. C. Burdick of this city and her daughter, Mrs. Stetson of Chicago, visited in Milton Wednesday.

Frank Ehringer is visiting relatives in Hanover.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Hewitt of Albany are the guests of Janesville relatives.

Mrs. E. H. Gifford visited friends in Milton Wednesday and Thursday.
The Misses Genevieve and Maudie Schnell, returned yesterday from an outing at Lake Koshkonong, having been camped near Hoard's hotel.

Mr. Edward Johnson was their guest during the past week.
At the home of her parents on Clinton street last evening Miss Laura Knipp was hostess at a delightful party in honor of Miss Ella Knipp of Huntington, Indiana. Refreshments were served and the hours spent very enjoyably at the card tables.

Mrs. D. O. Thayer has returned to her home in Beloit after spending a few days with Mrs. J. T. Turbull.
George H. West of this city has been granted a pension of ten dollars a month.

Mrs. William Weller and children and Miss Dorothy Seestadt left for their home in Hammond, Indiana, this morning, after a visit with relatives here.

Walter D. Graves of Chicago is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Graves in this city.

Mrs. A. J. Wilbur and daughters, the Misses Emma and Roberta Wilbur, have returned from a month's outing at Ripon and Green Lake.

Miss Stella Turbull left this morning for Racine where she will be the guest of her uncle, William Turbull, for two weeks.

Arthur Lowe, who recently returned from Rock Island, Ill., where he has been managing a five-chair barber shop, has purchased the George H. Browde shop at 67 West Milwaukee street.

Richard Valentine leaves tomorrow for Mercer, Iowa county, Wisconsin.
Mrs. J. H. Quinn of No. 60 Fifth avenue entertained a number of lady friends Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. M. C. Fish has returned from a visit with friends in Delavan.

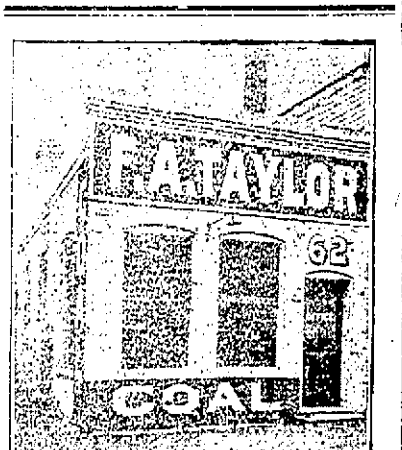
Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Gilbert of Clinton spent yesterday with friends in the city.

M. P. Trent of Clinton transacted business in the city yesterday.

The Lowell Market

Spring Chickens
Veal Cutlets
Lamb Chops
Choice Roasts of Veal,
Beef or Pork
Boiled Ham
Home Pressed
Corned Beef

THE LOWELL Department Store



CASH COAL September 1st.

F. A. TAYLOR

Tells about selling Coal for Cash, on page 4.

Office, 62 South River St.

Dr. Chas. H. Sutherland,
Late resident physician Cook
County Hospital.

Dr. F. E. Sutherland,
Late resident physician Chicago
Homoeopathic Hospital.

Office 217 Hayes Block, Janesville, W.

DOUGHERTY & PALMER

Attorneys and
Counselors at Law

Telephone 781.
JANESVILLE, WIS.
Jackson Block, 2nd Floor.

NEWS OF A PERSONAL NATURE

Mrs. Charles Collins returned last evening from a few days' visit with relatives in Edgerton.
Mrs. Thomas Kennedy and daughter, Miss Emma, of Whitewater, are visiting relatives in the city.

Mrs. Charles Tarrant is visiting in Whitewater at the home of Mrs. J. H. Sheldon.

Charles Reynolds returned yesterday from his western tour.
Miss Irene Britton of Evanston, a granddaughter of Col. W. M. Britton of this city, is a guest at the latter's home on Washington street.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson J. Russell of Rockford and Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Kemmerer returned last night from their automobile trip to Milwaukee.

The Misses Stella Rashley and Sylvia Carpenter of Whitewater are visiting friends in the city.

Miss Hattie Denison and Miss Francis Winchester, of Whitewater, are visiting at Mrs. Emma P. Lovejoy, 158 Park Place.

Miss Mary Laird has returned to her home in Whitewater after spending a few days in the city visiting friends.

Frank D. Kimball transacted business in Chicago today.

BADGER GUN CLUB PLANNING TRIP TO LAKE KOSHKONONG

Pilgrimage Will be Made on Sunday,
Aug. 20—Shoot and Baseball
Game.

On Sunday, August 20, the Badger Gun club will make a trip in carriages to Charley Bluff, on Lake Koshkonong, where a shoot will be held over a set of fine traps. There will be a baseball game and a general good time. An invitation has been extended to the Milton Gun Club. At Blunt & Williams' barber shop Monday evening, Aug. 14, a business meeting will be held to perfect arrangements.

20 lbs. Granulated
sugar \$1.00

Best Patent flour
sack \$1.45

New Potatoes .45c bu.

Jersey sweet potatoes
7 lbs. 25c

Jefferson Pure Lard 5
and 10 lb. pails 11c lb

3 Packages Cleaned
Currants 25c

3 Packages Seeded
Raisins 25c

3 packages Malta Vita. 25c

3 packages Egg-O-Se. 25c

4 1-lb. packages Arm & Hammer Soda 25c

1-lb. package Bell Coffee. 18c

1-lb. can Calumet Baking Powder 20c

8 lbs. Best Oatmeal. 25c

Sour Pickles, gallon. 20c

Best Standard Oil, gal. 10c

Best Cider Vinegar, gal. 20c

Vigor or Breakfast Food, pack-
age 5c

Large Lemons, doz. 30c

There are other savings
more important
than fuel

but they cannot be so accurately figured. Grates, stoves, and hot air furnaces bring ashes and coal dust into the living rooms. This necessitates a change of carpets, draperies and wall paper oftener than when heating with

Telephone for a pound—We deliver to any part of the city.

DEDRICK BROS.

Pyorrhea
Alveolaris

destroys hundreds of perfectly sound teeth. This is an inflammatory condition of the gums, causing the teeth to loosen. Unless properly treated the teeth become useless, and eventually have to be extracted.

Rubber plates, best
materials \$8 00

Crowns 5 00

Bridgework per tooth. 5 00

Fillings 1.00 up

Treatments 1.00 up

Painless extraction. .50

All Work Guaranteed.

Money refunded if not satisfactory. Consultation free.

DR. BAKER, Dentist.
212 Jackson Block, 2nd Floor.

BAND CONCERT THIS EVENING

The Imperial Band Will Give One
of Their Popular Concerts at
Court House Park Tonight.

This evening the Imperial band will give one of its enjoyable band concerts at the court house park. An excellent program has been prepared and is as follows:

Yankee Ori. March. Abe Holzman
"Der Tambourder Garde". A. E. Tild
"King of the Deep". Herbert L. Clark
"Nourhama Waltzes". G. H. Barnard
"Were the Silver Colorado Winds
His Way". Song and Quartet. . .
"The Headlight". Medley Overture
"Bewitching Beauty". L. O. DeWitt
"Just For Fun". T. P. Laurendeau
"In the Lead". March. Fred Jewell

SEEING IS BELIEVING.

The Wadsworth Bros.' Chico is a
Long Havana Filler. Says The
Smith Drug Co. and They
Can Prove It.

When a cigar salesman told Mr. Ed. Smith of the Smith Drug Company that it was not possible to sell a long Havana filler, such as they claim the Wadsworth Bros.' Chico is, for 5c. The reply was: "Well, it is an easy thing to see whether it can be done or not," and he took a Chico from its box and cut it open.

The filler was there—long, rich, silky Havana—just what was needed to make the good smoke that the Chico is. Seeing is believing, but with the Chico, smoking is better. Try one and see for yourself, all lovers of a good smoke, how fine a cigar can be sold for 5c. "The best people in Janesville, those who never used to smoke anything less than a 10c cigar, now buy the Chico at the Smith Drug Company for a nickel, and get a better smoke for less money."

H. R. HOLLAND,
SPECIAL AGENT
Northwestern Mutual Life
Insurance Co.
Phone: Old 1072; New 408, 422 Hayes Bldg.

Schlitz Atlas Brau

is the most delicious, refreshing of drinks. It has a reputation second to none for purity and excellence.

SOLD BY
L. L. LEFFINGWELL,
EAST MILWAUKEE STREET.

There are other savings more important than fuel

but they cannot be so accurately figured. Grates, stoves, and hot air furnaces bring ashes and coal dust into the living rooms. This necessitates a change of carpets, draperies and wall paper oftener than when heating with

Ideal Boilers and American Radiators

GEORGE & CLEMONS
West Mil. St. Both Phones

PLANTATION COFFEE.

the straight old Bourbon—Grown from absolutely pure Arabian Mocha seed on the South American estates. Unmixed and unadulterated. Rich, clear and snappy. 25c. 1b as long as we can get it.

Telephone for a pound—We deliver to any part of the city.

DEDRICK BROS.

CULLEN BROS.

Clean Coal

TELEPHONES:

Old, 2253; New, 267.

REXALL ANT. RCG
AND ROACH POWDER

Does the work. Guaranteed or your money back. 10, 15, 30 and 50c per box.

SMITH'S PHARMACY.

The Rexall Store.

Two Registered Pharmacists.

FAIRSTORE

20 lbs. Granulated
Sugar,
--\$1.00--

50-lb. sack best Flour made. . . \$1.35
Perhaps you prefer top as your own
grocer \$1.50 to \$1.60 for no better.
5-lb. can Calumet Baking Powder 75c
1 lb. fresh Coconut, just received
15c
1/2-lb. pack Mule Team Borax. . . 5c
1 qt. White Beans. 5c
2,400 Matches. 5c
1 doz. Jelly Tumblers. 30c
1-lb. pack Seeded Raisins. 5c
1-lb. pack Cleaned Currants. . . . 5c
1 lb. Muscatel Raisins. 5c
1/2-lb. can Bartlett Pears 10c, 3
for 25c
2-lb. can Plums 10c, 3 for. . . 25c
3-lb. can Grated Pineapple 10c, 3
for 25c
10c. Gloss Starch 10c
Toilet Soaps Half Price.
Pienie Hams, 1b. 5c
Strictly Pure Lard, 1b. 10c

Dry Goods Dep't.

Fancy Neckwear, Stocks and Turn-
overs.
White Linen Waists at a price to
close them out.
Muslin Underwear.
Gowns, 29c, 63c and 79c.
Skirts tucked and trimmed with em-
brodery 29c, 59c, and \$1.98.

The cook now smiles,
she used to groan,
The maid is gay,
she used to moan,
The mistress saves,
she used to lose.
Our Economy coal
cures the 'blues'.

JANESVILLE COAL CO.

Yards: South River & Oak Sts.
Phone 89.
Office: Riverside Laundry.



YOUR NAME

is on the list of those invited to enjoy comfort during the hot weather by cooking on a gas range. If you want a small fuel bill and light labor, take our timely hint and put a gas range in the kitchen without further delay.

NEW GAS LIGHT CO

AGOOD TIME EXPECTED

On Excursion Steamer
Sailing from Green
Bay on Monday,

Aug. 14.

Mackinac Island and the Soo.

A jolly crowd going and a
few berths left for you.

Come and enjoy a pleasant
trip on the Lake. You will
never regret it.

Green Bay Transportation Co.,
Green Bay, Wis.

DR. C. C. DEVEREAUX,

DENTIST,

233 Jackson Block.

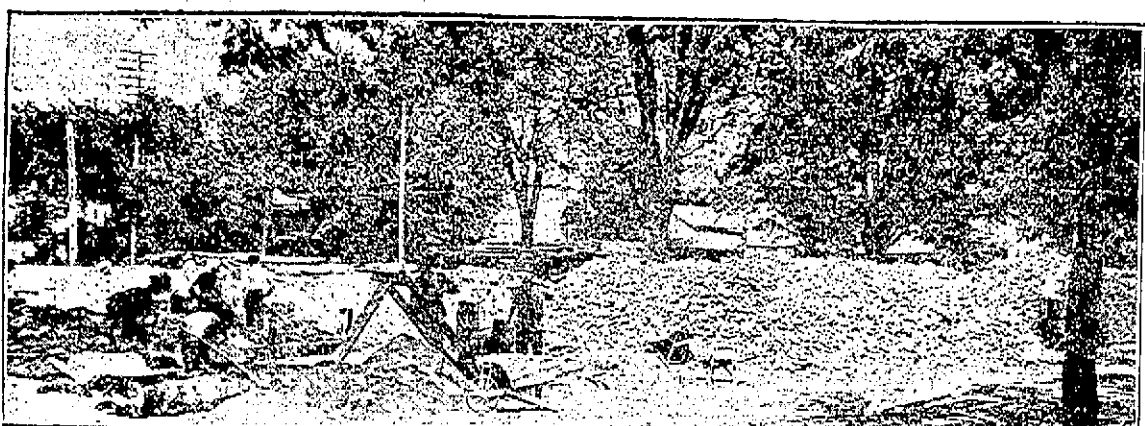
Old phone 2671. New phone 155.

JOSEPH H. SCHOLLER,

Graduate Optician

—WITH—
HALL & SAYLES.

OFFICE HOURS
8:30 to 12:30; 2:00 to 5:00.



NEW CENTRAL METHODIST CHURCH AS IT LOOKS TODAY.



ONE OF THE DOOR-POSTS OF THE ST. PAUL ROUNDHOUSE WAS KNOCKED OUT BY A LOCOMOTIVE YESTERDAY WITH RESULT SHOWN IN PICTURE.

THE LAST SATURDAY

OF

THE GREAT RED TAG SALE

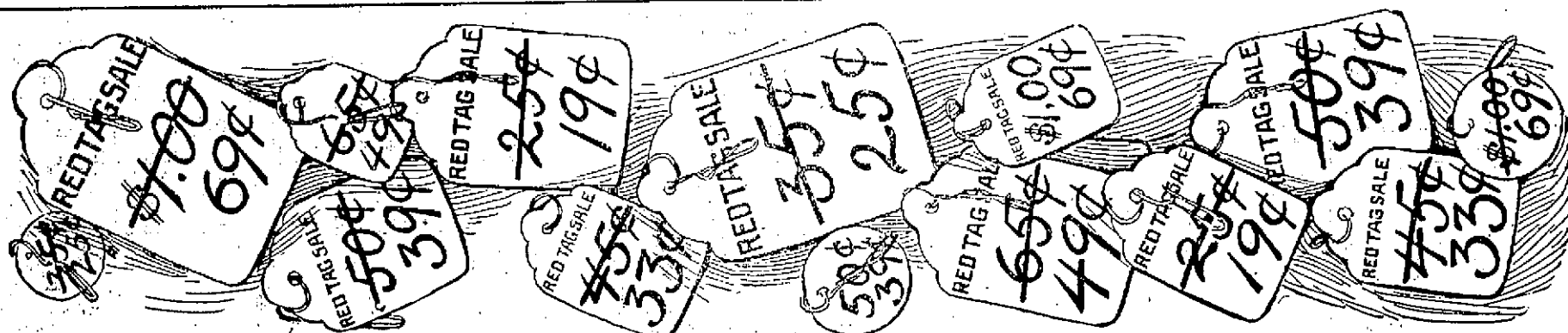
TUESDAY, August 15th, this, the greatest sale Janesville ever saw, draws to a close. Some of the best bargains reserved for the finish. Those who have not shared in the great money saving bargains can revel in them during the closing days,

SATURDAY, MONDAY AND TUESDAY

In addition to the big values in every section, OUR REMNANT COUNTER holds big values for you

New Dinner Sets at Red Tag Prices

47-Piece Gold Decorated Set	\$3.95
100-Piece Set, Floral Decoration	\$8.75
\$15.00 Decorated, 100-Piece Set	\$10.75
\$18.00 Gold Decorated, 100-Piece Set	\$14.40
\$18.00, 100-Piece Set, Floral Decoration	\$14.75
\$25.00, 100-Piece English Set	\$19.75



25 Per Cent Discount On All Plain and Stamped Linens

Lunch Cloths, Poilies, Side Board Scarfs, Dresser Scarfs, Tray Cloths, etc.

50c Stamped Pillow Top.....29c

SMALL ODD DISHES 10c values to close... at 4c	MUGS, CUPS PLATES, ETC. 15c to 25c values 9c	Glass SAUCE DISHES were 5c at 3c	10c Glass SAUCE DISHES at 5c
25c Colored GLASS ROSE VASE 9c	20c Glass GAS SHADES 9c	SEALING WAX Large Bar 4c	HOOKS and EYES with hump. Card of 2-dozen 1c
ILLUMINATED WAIST SETS Beauties... 15c	Men's Gold Plated COLLAR BUTTONS each 1c	Men's SHIELD TECKS and BAND TECKS 25c Bargains at 19c	PEARL BUTTONS Dozen 2c
LADIES WHITE 10c TAPED VEST 7c	Ladies Embroidered Turn Over Collars 5c	SAFETY PINS Red Cross. Card 4c	IRONING WAX with handle 1c
LADIES 50c GAUZE VESTS 25c	Talk of the Town our MUSLIN UNDEAR-WEAR 49c	MEN'S 50c STRAW HATS 35c	IRONING WAX with handle 1c
Ladies 25c Lace Trimmed Knit Umbrella Drawers 21c	Lace Trimmed CAMBRIC SKIRTS were \$1.50, at 98c	MEN'S 98c STRAW HATS 50c	HAIR PINS box 2c
Ladies 50c Lace Trimmed Knit Umbrella Drawers 39c	\$2.00 Novelty Lace Trimmed CAMBRIC SKIRT \$1.39	Boy's 25c KNEE PANTS 19c	BLUE SEAL VASELINE bottle 4c
LADIES \$6.75 COVERT JACKETS \$3.50	Ladies \$3.50 MOHAIR SKIRTS \$2.50	Boy's 50c KNEE PANTS 39c	PEAR'S SOAP Unscented 10c
Ladies KID GLOVES 75c to \$1.00 Gloves 49c	EMBROIDERY 10c Goods at 7c	Men's 75c NEGLIGEE SHIRTS 47c	Pure White CASTILE SOAP 8c
\$2.00 White BED SPREADS \$1.47	VALENCIENNES LACE By the Dozen, Yards per yard 1c	Men's 50c NEGLIGEE SHIRTS 29c	Large Cake DR. GRAVES 25c TOOTH POWDER 15c
\$1.50 White BED SPREADS \$1.10	BLACK MERCERIZED SATINE PETTICOAT, 3-Ruffles 83c	DR. GRAVES TALCUM POWDER 9c	POZZOM'S FACE POWDER and Gold Ruff Box, 50c everywhere, but here 33c

\$1.19
For Boys' Knee Pant Suits.
Were big values at \$2.00.

\$1.98
FOR
\$3.00 and \$3.50 Knee Pant Suits.

\$1.75
For Men's \$2.50 and \$2.75 Pants.
Every pair of stylish, dependable goods.

\$4.50
For Men's \$6.75 Suits.

\$7.00
FOR
Choice of All Men's \$10.00 Suits.

\$1.98
Here's a Shot Bargain, Men:
J. P. Hartray's Tan Shoes and
J. P. Hartray's Oxfords of Tan and Patent Colt.
Every pair this season's purchase.

\$2.47
For choice of Men's \$3.50 Oxfords.
Also neat Tan Button Shoes; every pair this season's purchase.

\$3.50
For choice of All Best Separate Skirts.
Ladies' Skirts that were \$5.00 to \$6.00—all go at \$3.50.

\$2.75
For \$4.00 Arabian Lace Curtains.

\$1.69
For our \$2.50 full accordion plaited Petticoats of high quality black mercerized satine.

The
LOWELL
DEPARTMENT STORE

BAR LE DUC SUIT-ING White and Champagne 25c goods at 14c	WHITE PIQUE Fine and Heavy Welts 25c pkg. at 19c	25c WAISTINGS White and Novelties at 15c	Light Blue 25c ORGANDY at 17c
PLAIN LAWNS Pink or Light Blue, 15c goods at 11c	SILK MULL White, Black and Evening Shades 19c	ALL LINEN SUITING Light Blue and Pink at 21c	25c GRASS LINEN at 19c
12 1/2c DRESS GINGHAM 9c	8c Dress GINGHAM 5c	30-inch SATINES for Pillow Backs 10c	TABLE OIL CLOTH Perfect Goods 12c
65c TABLE DAMASK 47c	50c Table DAMASK 39c	25c Turkey Red TABLE CLOTH 19c	12c Yard Wide SILKOLEEN 8c
Yard Wide White DOTTED SWISS 7c	White FISH NET 11c	\$2.00 ARABIAN LACE CURTAINS \$1.39	\$4.50 Heavy REPP CURTAINS \$3.48
20 lbs. BEET SUGAR for \$1.00	18 lbs. CANE SUGAR \$1.00	10 Bars LENOX SOAP for 25c	WHITE FAWN FLOUR \$1.39
GOLD DUST Washing Powder 15c	GLOSS STARCH 1-lb. pkg. 5c	12 Bars ALPHA SOAP for 25c	CLOTHES PINS dozen for 1c
New York CREAM CHEESE 14c	DR. PRICE'S Baking Powder, 1-lb. 40c	BEST CORN 2-lb. can 7c	MUSTARD SARDINES Large Can 7c
JELLO ICE CREAM POWDER 10c	JELLO 3 pkgs. for 25c	SALMON 1/2-lb. can 5c	LUCKY BLEND COFFEE per lb. 25c
BORAX 20 Mule Team 1/2 lb. for 7c	EVAPORATED CREAM 3 cans Top Notch for 25c	Home Made BREAD 4c	DEVIL CUPS Home Made, dozen 12c
HICKORYNUT LOAF CAKE 15c	OATMEAL COOKIES dozen 10c	SWEET BREAD loaf 8c	JELLY TUMBLERS Saturday each 1c

Over the Border

Copyright, 1903, by
Frederick A. Stokes Co.

By...
**ROBERT
BARR.**
Author of "Jennie Baxter,
Journalist," Etc.

CHAPTER XIII.

WHEN Captain Bent entered the galleried room with his prisoner, he found Cromwell seated at the table, his head bowed over some pages of manuscript on which he was busily writing. The general did not look up for a full minute, until he had finished the sentence he was writing, then he raised his head and said quietly to the captain: "Go."

For one brief and lamentable instant the discipline which held the captain in its bonds relaxed, and he replied in surprise:

"And leave him unguarded, sir?" Cromwell said nothing, but a look of such devilish ferocity came into his gleaming gray eyes that the captain staggered as if he had received a blow, gasped, turned and fled. When the commander spoke to Armstrong there was no trace of resentment or anger in his tones.

"Will you oblige me by closing that door which Captain Bent has stupidly left open? You are nearer it than I."

Armstrong with a bow did what he was requested to do and returned to his place beside the table.

"I fear I must begin with an apology, a form of speech to which I am unaccustomed. You have been trusted quite without just cause, and I trust you have met with no inconvenience or harsh treatment in consequence."

"With neither, General Cromwell, if I am not at fault in so addressing you. I suspect that there are not two such men as you in the army of the parliament."

Cromwell paid no heed to the compliment, if such was intended, but, although his voice was suave, his keen eyes searched the prisoner like an eagle.

"The stoppage may indeed save you further annoyance if you intend to travel about the country, for I will give you a pass likely to prevent such a stoppage in future. You are in the cattle trade, I am told?"

"Yes, general."

"It is a commendable traffic, with which I have no desire to interfere. You know of no reason for your arrestment by my stupid captain?"

"Truth to tell, your honor, and I know a very good reason for it."

"Humph! And what is that?"

"Some nights since, as I was making for the English line, I stopped for refreshment at an inn where I had been accustomed to halt on my travels. To my amazement, I was refused admittance by a man who stood on guard. We had a bit of a debate, which ended in my overpowering him and forcing an entrance, and which was more surprising—the dozen there gathered together, or me, with their sentry under my order—it would be difficult to tell. Swords were drawn, and I might have come badly off of the encounter had it not been that a friend of mine among the assemblage recognized me."

"I suppose you wish to mention no names?"

"I see no objection," continued Armstrong innocently. "I take it that the men were quite within their right in gathering there, although I contended they exceeded their right in trying to keep me out of a public house. My friend was the Earl of Traquair. Those gentlemen, finding I was for England, asked me to carry a message to the king, but I explained that I had no wish to interfere in matters which did not concern me, and they parted to meet again somewhere else. There was a great squire about a spy that escaped, and I have no doubt if he saw me there and heard the proposal made to me he might well have brought my name and description across the border. At least that was the way I reasoned it out with myself."

"It is very like you are right. Spies, unfortunately, seem to be necessary when a country is in a state of war. Many unjustifiable acts are then committed, including the arresting of innocent men. But I am anxious nothing shall be done that will give just cause of offense to Scotland, a God-fearing country and a friendly. When such injustice happens, as it has happened in your case, I try to make amends. How far south do you propose to travel?"

"I may go the length of Manchester or Birmingham. The distance and the time will depend on the state of trade."

"If you will tell me places you intend to visit I will include them in the pass I shall now write for you."

"That I cannot say just at the moment. I wish to follow trade wherever it leads me."

"Then an inclusive pass, extending as far south as Manchester, will meet your needs?"

"It will more than meet them, general," said Armstrong, with supreme indifference.

"As you carry no message from Traquair to the king I can write Oxford on your passport as easily as Manchester."

"Thank you, general; but Manchester will be far enough."

"I may say that we are strict about those whom we allow to journey to and fro at the present time, and if you should overstep the limit of this document you are liable to investigation and delay, and I may not be so near at hand on the next occasion."

"I quite understand, and if I wished to go farther south I would have no hesitation in begging permission of your excellency, but I doubt if I shall ever see Manchester."

"You will not be leaving Corbion until the morning, of course?"

HEAR ROOSEVELT AT CHAUTAUQUA

(Continued on Page 1.)

had put it on the right path, and finally gave it freedom and helped it as it started on the life of an independent republic.

Santo Domingo has now made an appeal to us to help it in turn, and not only every principle of wisdom but every generous instinct within us bids us respond to the appeal.

Conditions in Santo Domingo have for a number of years grown from bad to worse until recently. Fortunately just at this time a wise ruler sprang up in Santo Domingo, who, with colleagues, saw the dangers threatening their beloved country, and appealed to the friendship of their great and powerful neighbor to help them. The immediate threat came to them in the shape of foreign intervention. The previous rulers of Santo Domingo had recklessly incurred debts, and owing to her internal disorders she had ceased to be able to provide means of paying the debts. The patience of her foreign creditors had become exhausted and at least one foreign nation was on the point of intervention and was only prevented from intervening by the unofficial assurance of this Government that it would itself strive to help Santo Domingo in her hour of need.

Of the debts incurred some were just, while some were not of a character which really renders it obligatory on, or proper for, Santo Domingo to pay them in full. But she could not pay any of them at all unless some stability was assured.

Accordingly the Executive Department of our Government negotiated a treaty under which we are to try to help the Dominican people to straighten out their finances. This treaty is pending before the Senate, and it is necessary that in the meantime we have made a temporary arrangement which will last until the Senate has had time to take action upon the treaty. Under this arrangement we see to the honest administration of the custom houses, collecting the revenues, turning over forty-five per cent to the Government for running expenses and putting the other fifty-five per cent into a safe deposit for equitable division among the various creditors, whether European or American, accordingly, after investigation, their claims seem just.

The custom houses offer well-nigh the only sources of revenue in Santo Domingo, and the different revolutions usually have as their real aim the obtaining possession of these custom houses. The mere fact that we are protecting the custom houses and collecting the revenue with efficiency and honesty has completely discouraged all revolutionary movement, while it has already produced such an increase in the revenues that the Government is actually getting more from the forty-five per cent that we turn over to it than it got formerly when it took the entire revenue. This is enabling the poor harassed people of Santo Domingo once more to turn their attention and to be free from the curse of interminable revolutionary disturbance. It offers to all bona fide creditors, American and European, the only really good chance to obtain that to which they are justly entitled, while it in turn gives to Santo Domingo the only opportunity of defense against claims which it ought not to pay—for now if it meets the views of the Senate we shall ourselves thoroughly examine all these claims, whether American or foreign, and see that none that are improper are paid. Indeed, the only effective opposition to the treaty will probably come from dishonest creditors, foreign and American, and from the professional revolutionists of the island itself. We have already good reason to believe that some of the creditors who do not dare expose their claims to honest scrutiny are endeavoring to stir up sedition in the island, and are also endeavoring to stir up opposition to the treaty both in Santo Domingo and here, trusting that in one place or the other it may be possible to secure either the rejection of the treaty or else its amendment in such fashion as to be tantamount to rejection.

Under the course taken, stability and order and all the benefits of peace are last coming to Santo Domingo, all danger of foreign intervention has ceased, and there is at last justice to all creditors who get paid, no more and no less. If the arrangement is terminated, chaos will follow, and if chaos follows, sooner or later this Government may be involved in serious difficulties with foreign governments over the island, or else may be forced itself to intervene in the island in some unpleasant fashion. Under the present arrangement the independence of the island is scrupulously respected, the danger of violation of the Monroe Doctrine by the intervention of foreign powers vanishes, and the interference by our Government is minimized, so that we only act in conjunction with the Santo Domingo authorities to secure the proper administration of the customs, and therefore to secure the payment of just debts and to secure the Santo Domingo Government against demands for unjust debts. The present method prevents there being any need of our establishing any kind of protectorate over the island and gives the people of Santo Domingo the same chance to move already given to the people of Cuba. It will be doubly to our discredit as a nation if we fail to take advantage of this chance, for it will be of damage to ourselves, and, above all, it will be of incalculable damage to Santo Domingo. Every consideration of wise policy, and, above all, every consideration of large generosity, bids us meet the request of Santo Domingo as we are now trying to meet it.

So much for one feature of our foreign policy. Now for one feature of our domestic policy. One of the main features of our national governmental policy should be the effort to secure adequate and effective supervisory and regulatory control over all great corporations doing an interstate business. Much of the legislation aimed to prevent the evils connected with the enormous development of these great corporations

it aimed at doing too much, and part has been ineffective, partly because it did not confer on the Government a really efficient method of holding any guilty corporation to account. The effort to prevent all restraint of competition, whether harmful or beneficial, has been ill-judged; what is needed is not so much the effort to prevent combination as a vigilant and effective control of the combinations formed, so as to secure just and equitable dealing on their part alike toward the public generally, toward their smaller competitors, and toward the wage-workers in their employ.

Under the present laws we have in the last four years accomplished much that is of substantial value; but the difficulties in the way have been so great as to prove that further legislation is advisable. Many corporations show themselves honorably desirous to obey the law; but, unfortunately, some corporations, and very wealthy ones at that, exhaust every effort which can be suggested by the highest ability, or secured by the most lavish expenditure of money, to defeat the purposes of the laws on the statute books.

Not only the men in control of these corporations, but the business world generally, ought to realize that such conduct is in every way perilous, and constitutes a menace to the nation generally, and especially to the people of great property.

I earnestly believe that this is true of only a relatively small portion of the very rich men engaged in handling the great general stores in the country; but the attitude of these comparatively few men does undoubtedly harm the country, and above all harm the men of large means, by the just, but sometimes misguided popular indignation to which it gives rise. The consolidation in the form of what are popularly called trusts of corporate interests of immense value has tended to produce unfair restraints of trade of an oppressive character, and these unfair restraints tend to create artificial monopolies. The violations of the law known as the anti-trust law, which was meant to meet the conditions thus arising, have more and more become confined to the larger combinations, the very ones against whose policy of monopoly and oppression the policy of the law was chiefly directed. Many of these combinations by secret methods and by protracted litigation are still unwisely seeking to avoid the consequences of their illegal action. The Government has very properly exercised moderation in attempting to enforce the criminal provisions of the statute; but it has become our conviction that in some cases, such as that of at least certain of the beef packers recently indicted in Chicago, it is impossible longer to show leniency. Moreover, if the existing law proves to be inadequate, so that under established rules of evidence clear violations may not be readily proved, defiance of the law must inevitably lead to further legislation. This legislation may be more drastic than I would prefer, if so, it must be distinctly understood that it will be because of the stubborn determination of some of the great combinations in striving to prevent the enforcement of the law as it stands, by every device, legal and illegal. Very many of these men seem to think that the alternative is simply between submitting to the mild kind of governmental control we advocate and the absolute freedom to do whatever they think best. They are greatly in error. Either they will have to submit to reasonable supervision and regulation by the national authorities, or else they will ultimately have to submit to governmental action of a far more drastic type. Personally, I think our people would be most unwise if they let any exasperation due to the acts of certain great corporations drive them into drastic action, and I should oppose such action. But the great corporations are themselves to blame if by their opposition to what is legal and just they foster the popular feeling which calls for such drastic action.

Some great corporations resort to every technical expedient to render enforcement of the law impossible, and their obstructive tactics and refusal to acquiesce in the policy of the law have taxed to the utmost the machinery of the Department of Justice. In my judgment Congress may well inquire whether it should not seek other means for carrying into effect the law. I believe that all corporations engaged in interstate commerce should be under the supervision of the National Government. I do not believe in taking steps hastily or rashly, and it may be that all that is necessary in the immediate future is to pass an interstate-commerce bill conferring upon some branch of the executive government the power of effective action to remedy the abuses in connection with the railway transportation. But in time not very far off, we shall have to, or at least we shall find it wise to, take further action, as regards all corporations doing interstate business. The enormous increase in interstate trade resulting from the industrial development of the last quarter of a century, makes it proper that the Federal Government should, so far as may be necessary to carry into effect its national policy, assume a degree of administrative control of these great corporations.

It may well be that we shall find the only effective way of exercising this supervision is to require all corporations engaged in interstate commerce to produce satisfactory evidence as to the Department of Commerce, that they are not parties to any contract or combination or engaged in any monopoly in interstate trade in violation of the anti-trust law, and that their conduct on certain other specified points is proper; and, moreover, that these corporations shall agree with a penalty of forfeiture of their right to engage in such commerce, to furnish any evidence of any kind as to their trade between the States whenever so required by the Department of Commerce.

It is the almost universal policy of the several States, provided by statute, that foreign corporations may lawfully conduct business within their boundaries only when they produce certificates that they have complied with the requirements of their

respective States; in other words, that corporations shall not enjoy the privileges and immunities afforded by the State governments without first complying with the policy of their laws. Now the benefits which corporations engaged in interstate trade enjoy under the United States government are incalculable; and in respect of such trade the jurisdiction of the Federal Government is supreme when it chooses to exercise it.

When, as is now the case, many of the great corporations consistently strain the last resources of legal technicality to avoid obedience to a law for the reasonable regulation of their business, the only way effectively to meet this attitude on the part is to give to the Executive Department of the Government a more direct and therefore more efficient supervision and control of their management.

In speaking against the abuses committed by certain wealthy corporations or individuals, and of the necessity of seeking so far as it can safely be done to remedy these abuses, there is always danger lest what is said may be misinterpreted as an attack upon men of means generally. Now it can not be too often repeated in a Republic like ours that the only way by which it is possible permanently to benefit the condition of the less able and less fortunate, is so to shape our policy that all industrious and efficient people who act decently may be benefited; and this means, of course, that the benefit will come even more to the more able and more fortunate. If, under such circumstances, the less fortunate man is moved by envy of his more fortunate brother to strike at the conditions under which they have both, though unequally, prospered, he may rest assured that while the result may be damaging to the other man, it will be even more damaging to himself. Of course, I am now speaking of prosperity that comes under normal and proper conditions.

In our industrial and social system the interests of all men are so closely intertwined that in the immense majority of cases the straightforward man who by ingenuity and industry benefits himself must also benefit others. The man of great productive capacity who gets rich through guiding the labor of hundreds or thousands of other men does so, as a rule, by enabling their labor to produce more than it would without his guidance, and both he and they share in the benefits, so that even if the share be unequal it must never be forgotten that they too are really benefited by his success.

A vital factor in the success of any enterprise is the guiding intelligence of the man at the top, and there is need in the interest of all of us to encourage rather than to discourage the activity of the exceptional men who guide average men so that their labor may result in increased production of the kind which is demanded at the time. Normally we help the wage-worker, we help the man of small means, by making conditions such that the man of exceptional business ability receives an exceptional reward for that ability.

But while insisting with all emphasis upon it is true that there is no governmental restraint or supervision, some of the exceptional men use their energies, not in ways that are for the common good, but in ways which tell against this common good, and that by so doing they not only wrong smaller and less able men—other wage-workers or small producers and traders—but force others to do what is wrong under penalty of falling behind in the keen race for success. There is need of legislation to strive to meet such abuses. At one time or in one place this legislation may take the form of factory laws and employers' laws.

Under other conditions it may take the form of dealing with the franchises which derive their value from the grant of the representatives of the people. It may be aimed at the manifold abuses, far-reaching in their effects, which spring from overcapitalization. Or it may be necessary to meet such conditions as those with which I am now dealing and to strive to procure proper supervision and regulation by the National Government of all great corporations engaged in interstate business.

There are good people who are afraid of each type of legislation, and much the same kind of argument is now being advanced against the effort to regulate big corporations, has been again and again advanced against the effort to secure proper employers' liability laws, or proper factory laws with reference to women and children; much the same kind of argument was advanced five years ago against the franchise-tax law enacted in this state while I was governor.

Of course there is always the danger of abuse if legislation of this type is approached in a hysterical or sentimental spirit, or, above all, if it is approached in a spirit of envy and hatred toward men of wealth.

We must not try to go too fast, under penalty of finding that we may be going in the wrong direction; and in any event, we ought, always to proceed by evolution and not by revolution, and executed in a spirit of sanity and justice, and with exactly as much regard for the rights of the big man as for the rights of the little man—treating big man and little man exactly alike.

Our ideal must be the effort to combine all proper freedom for individual effort with some guarantee that the effort is not exercised in contravention of the eternal and immutable principles of justice.

OF INTEREST FOR EXCURSIONISTS...

Low Round Trip Rates Daily to Portland via The North-Western Line.

Account Lewis and Clark Exposition, via direct routes or at slight advance via San Francisco and Los Angeles. Send 2c stamp for illustrated folder and full information as to extensive choice of routes going and returning, with low rate side trip to Yellowstone National Park and Alaska.

Very Low Rates to Detroit, Mich., via the North-Western line, for tickets to be sold August 13 and 14, with favorable return limits, on account of Imperial Palace Dramatic Order Knights of Khorassan. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Low Rates to Detroit and Return via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Round trip excursion tickets on sale to Detroit, Mich., August 13th and 14th, limited for return leaving Detroit not later than August 19th, 1905.

Low Rates to Delavan Lake Assembly The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will sell round trip excursion tickets to Delavan, Wis., August 2nd and 5th. Other dates on certificate plan reduction.

The Fisherman's Special, Chicago & North-Western Railway.

This train leaves Chicago at 5:00 p. m. and reaches the fishing and hunting grounds of the North Woods next morning in time for early breakfast. Pullman sleeping car through without change from Chicago to the hundreds of lakes and summer resorts in northern Wisconsin and Michigan. Special low rate ticket on sale daily. For free copy of booklet "The Fisherman's Special" and other pamphlets address, W. B. Kniskern, P. T. M., Chicago.

\$20.00 Colorado and Return, Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line.

From Chicago daily August 30th to September 4th, account G. A. R. encampment at Denver. Correspondingly low rates from all points. Only one night to Denver from Chicago. Two fast trains daily. Special personally conducted G. A. R. train leave Chicago September 2nd. Through without change. From Denver, numerous inexpensive personally conducted side trips afford opportunity to visit some of the most wonderful mountain scenery in the world. For itinerary of special trains, list of Colorado hotels, and boarding houses, sleeping cars, and car reservations and full information, address W. B. Kniskern, P. T. M., Chicago.

Very Low Excursion Rates to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Etc., via the North-Western Line.

Excursion tickets will be sold from all stations to Portland, Tacoma and Seattle daily and to California points Aug. 10 to 17, inclusive, with favorable return limits, on account of various meetings. Two fast trains to the Pacific Coast daily. "The Overland Limited" (electric lighted throughout), less than three days en route. Another fast train is "The California Express" with drawing room and tourist sleeping cars. The best of everything. For rates, tickets, etc., apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Low Round Trip Rates to Portland, via the North-Western line, on account of Lewis and Clark Exposition, via direct routes or at slight advance via San Francisco and Los Angeles. Send 2c stamp for illustrated folder and full information as to extensive choice of routes going and returning, with low rate side trip to Yellowstone National Park and Alaska.

Lake Superior and Georgian Bay. 1400 miles of steamer line practically circumnavigating these wonderful bodies of water and special circuit tour tickets via the Chicago & North-Western railway are on sale at low rates. Through Pullman sleeping car lines from Chicago to various Lake Superior ports without change. For copy of Lake Superior folder and full information address, W. B. Kniskern, P. T. M., Chicago.

Buy it in Jansville.

Thousands Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., and Receive Valuable Advice Absolutely Confidential and Free

There can be no more terrible ordeal to a delicate, sensitive, refined woman than to be obliged to answer certain questions in regard to her private life, even when those questions are asked by her family physician, and many

continue to suffer rather than submit to examinations which so many physicians propose in order to intelligently treat the disease; and this is the reason why so many physicians fail to cure female disease.

This is also the reason why thousands upon thousands of women are corresponding with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. To her they can confide every detail of their illness, and from her great knowledge, obtained from years of experience in treating female ills, Mrs. Pinkham can advise women more wisely than the local physician.

Read how Mrs. Pinkham helped Mrs. T. C. Willadsen of Manning, Ia. She writes:

"I can truly say that you have saved my life, and I cannot express my gratitude in words. Before I wrote to you telling you how I felt, I had doctored for over two years, and spent lots of money in medicines besides but it all failed to me any good. I had female trouble and would daily have fainting spells, backache, bearing-down pains, and my monthly periods were very irregular and finally ceased. I wrote to you for your advice, and received a letter full of instructions just what I needed, and also commenced to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I have been restored to perfect health. Had it not been for you I would have been in my grave today."

Mountains of proof establish the fact that no medicine in the world equals Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for restoring women's health.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for restoring women's health.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for restoring women's health.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for restoring women's health.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for restoring women's health.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for restoring women's health.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for restoring women's health.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for restoring women's health.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for restoring women's health.

MALARIA UNDERMINES THE HEALTH

When the germs of malaria enter the blood the entire health is affected, and if the blood is not purified of these germs and microbes, Chronic Sores and Ulcers, Liver Spots, Chills and Fever, Boils, Aches and Pains, and a great variety of troubles manifest themselves, and soon the entire system is undermined, leaving the sufferer a prey to most miserable, weak and nervous condition.

913 W. Market St., Louisville, Ky.

For several years I suffered with Chills and Fever, caused by Malaria in my system, and each summer for several years I would have a relapse. Finally my physician prescribed S. S. S. I took a few bottles; this was about six years ago. I entirely cured me, and I have never been troubled since. I am sure no other medicine could have given me so complete and immediate relief, and I cannot speak too highly of S. S. S. My partner in business is now taking S. S. S. for a eruption of the skin, and general run-down condition of the system, and although he has taken but one bottle, already commences to feel better. I. SHAPOFF.

S. S. S. counteracts and drives all the poison from the blood and builds up the system by its fine purifying qualities and tonic effects. It strengthens every part, increases the appetite, helps the stomach and digestion, and by supplying the body with rich, pure blood, cures Malaria and all its disagreeable ailments. Unlike most blood-medicines S. S. S. is purely vegetable. It does not contain a particle of mineral.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

disagreeably affect the stomach, digestion and bowels, but by cleansing and strengthening the blood, puts every part of the body in healthy condition. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired without charge.

FIGHTS A MADMAN IN A LIGHTHOUSE

New York Keeper Had Fierce Struggle with a Lunatic for One Week.

New York, Aug. 11.—No mariner who steered his course by the Stratford Shoals light, in Long Island Sound, during the last week, guessed that behind the unceasing blinking of the white beam that guided him safely by the rocks and sand bars between Port Jefferson and Bridgeport was going on a life and death struggle between the keeper and his companion, a maniac.

Head Keeper Gilbert Ruland went ashore on his vacation Monday, July 31, and the little boat that took him to the Stratford River landing carried back Coster, the companion of Assistant Keeper Hulse through many a summer and winter of calm and storm. Hulse sat all night long watching the great lens revolve its beam over the water. When he thought rest was at hand with the break of the morning he was startled by cries.

Companion is a Maniac. He sprang to the door of Coster's room, but before he could enter Coster appeared. His eyes were wild and his face was white. To a boat hook he had lashed his razor, and without uttering a word, he advanced on his fellow keeper.

Hulse fought with desperation for his life, overpowered the maniac and drove him into the little room. All day long he fought the insane man, trying again and again to disarm him, but failing.

At dusk, overcome by exhaustion, the maniac fell into a doze, and Hulse trimmed his carbons and oiled his engines, and when darkness came the great white light was blinking again. It was a night of horror for Hulse, for the maniac again attacked him in all the fury of a fresh delirium. Day dawned to find Hulse still fighting for his life and a second day passed in torture.

Madman Is Exhausted.

Again at night he fixed his electric lamps and again they flashed forth the beacon to mariners. Coster had fallen back into his room, exhausted by his wild bursts of passion.

Wednesday morning Hulse awoke from a doze with a start and heard the sound of some one pounding. He crept down the winding stairs to see what the maniac was about. He found him with hammer, chisel and the razor cutting a hole in the wall. It was late that night when the exhausted man at the lamps saw the light suddenly stop revolving, and the keeper ran to find Coster with an ax driving spikes in the machinery. When he saw Hulse he raised the ax as if to smash the great lens. Hulse sprang at him with all the strength left in his exhausted frame and overpowered him. He carried the crazed man to his bunk and watched all night by the light.

Tries to Commit Suicide. Coster's delirium of murderous frenzy left him with his sleep. When he awoke he had but one idea—to commit suicide. He hacked himself with the broken razor. He stole knives from the kitchen. He tried to wield the ax against himself. But always his strength failed him. Hulse watched over him three days, nursing him. The long days and night passed, and as Sunday morning dawned the prisoners in the lighthouse were cheered by the sight of a boat.

CURRENT NEWS NOTES.

Free Air Children: Thirty free air children from Chicago arrived in the city this morning on the way to Mineral Point, where they will spend the next ten days.

Entertained Forty Friends: Master Charles and Miss Maggie Gray entertained Wednesday about forty of their young friends in honor of their cousins, Miss Hazel, Lillian and Vivian Sampson from Chicago. They gathered at the home of Mr. Charles Gray, 55 Locust street, and drove down in carvalls to the Electric Park. When they arrived at the park they partook of a tempting lunch and at eight o'clock returned home. Miss Jessie Dudley, Elizabeth Madden and Agnes Heffernan acted as chaperons.

Four Drunks Lined-up: Four men were lined-up in Municipal court this morning on the charge of drunk and disorderly conduct and each given a fine as follows: Malachuk, Mervell, Timothy Collins and Nels Anderson, each one dollar and costs of the same amount, which were paid and William Waldron a fine of four dollars and costs of one or twenty days in jail. The fine has not yet been paid. Waldron agreeing to rid Jamesville of his personality.

ROCK RIVER MACHINE CO. EMPLOYEES WILL PICNIC

Celebration Will Be Held at Crystal Springs Park—Many Games Arranged.

At Crystal Springs park tomorrow the employees of the Rock River Machine company with their families will have their annual summer outing. The company will leave the boat dock at eight in the morning armed with lunch baskets, containing enough for both dinner and supper and the entire day will be spent in games and the usual picnic amusements.

That Is, If He Is Married. That man may safely venture on his way who is so guided that he cannot stray.—Walter Scott.

The Wisconsin and Michigan railway is now surveying a line to Lake Noyahbay, and has only about a mile of track to lay in order to have a terminal on the shore of the lake. The road will also build a summer hotel at the lake. The company is expending over \$25,000 on its hotel on Noyahbay island.

A good thing—a want ad.

Boys' 25c Wash Knee Pants, sizes 4 to 14, 17c.

THE GOLDEN EAGLE

The Fall Knox Stiff Hats are now ready. If you have a Knox you have the best.

Another Saturday's Selling of Men's Trousers at about 1-2 Regular Prices

Here's good news for men who need extra Trousers.

Four Big Lots for Saturday

LOT 1--Choice of Men's Trousers that have been selling at \$2.50, Saturday for..... **\$1.45**

LOT 3--Choice of Men's Trousers that have been selling at \$4.00, Saturday choice..... **2.95**

LOT 2--Choice of Men's Trousers that have been selling at \$3.00, Saturday your choice..... **\$1.95**

LOT 4--Choice of Men's Trousers that have been selling at \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.00, Saturday your choice..... **3.95**

Crowds of Men Will Buy Manhattan Shirts Tomorrow at Cut Prices.

All that any well posted man needs to know is that he can buy Manhattan Shirts at cut prices. He'll get his share of them.

\$2.00 Shirts, \$1.35. \$1.35 gives you choice of any Manhattan Shirt in the house that sold at \$2.00. All this season's best styles, plain white included. Sale price..... **1.35**

\$1.50 Shirts, \$1.15. Choice of hundreds of regular \$1.50 Manhattan Shirts, in plain or plaited bosoms, cuffs attached or detached. Sale price.. **1.15**

\$1.00 Mohair Bosom Shirts, 59c. In plain and fancy embroidered, collar attached or band, the best shirt value we ever offered. Special..... **59c**

More Low Prices on Women's Oxfords.

\$3.50 and \$4 Oxfords and Ribbon Ties, \$1.95. 100 pair of Women's \$3.50 and \$4.00 Blucher Button Oxfords, in welt and light soles; all new styles. Choice Saturday..... **1.95**

Women's \$2.00 Tan. Patent Colt and Vici Kid Oxfords, Blucher and lace style. Special for Saturday..... **1.39**

Just received 50 pair Women's White Canvas Oxfords, the pretty Gibson Tie style. All sizes, all widths..... **1.75**

Ladies' \$3.50 High Tan Shoes, Chocolate Kid and Russian Calf, Blucher and lace style; hand turn or welt choice..... **1.65**

The biggest shoe snap we ever offered.

A Whirlwind Straw Hat Sale.

Saturday we will give you unlimited choice of any high grade Straw Hat in the house; none sold under \$2.00 and up to \$3.50. All go at one price. **95c**

Children's 50c Sailor Straw Hats..... **33c**

Boys' 25c and 35c Straw Hats..... **19c**

Men's 75c all leather Belts, tans and black..... **39c**

Men's \$1.50 Japanese Silk Underwear, silk stitched button holes, beautifully finished garments—sold all season at \$1.25 and \$1.50. An opportunity to lay in your next season's supply. Special Saturday, per garment..... **75c**

Men's \$2.50 and \$3.00 Oxfords, \$1.90

50 pairs Men's \$2.50 and \$3.00 Goodyear Welt Oxfords, all leathers, all newest styles. Special Saturday..... **1.90**

Men's \$4.00 Oxfords, \$2.50

Our entire line of \$4.00 Patent Colt and Tan Oxfords—your choice Saturday..... **2.50**

Men's \$3.50 Tan Oxfords, all style toes, all sizes. Saturday..... **2.15**

Advance Showing of New Fall Shoes.

Every new idea in Men's and Women's Shoes for Fall is now ready for you.

A BIG RAID ON BUCKET SHOPS IN CHICAGO

Wires Cut, and Places of Business Demolished This Afternoon—One Hundred Arrested.

[Special by Scripps-McRae.]

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 11.—A score of downtown bucket shops were raided by detectives this afternoon on complaint of the board of trade men that they were doing illegitimate business. More than a hundred inmates were arrested. Their places were demolished, wires cut and telephones torn out. Frantic efforts to escape only resulted in running into the arms of officers. Many women were taken.

TO CARRY MAIL FOR NORTHWEST THROUGH CITY

St. Paul Company Reballasting Line—Jamesville Young Lady Secures Position as Stenographer with Civil Engineers.

It is possible that within two years the fast through mail trains on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad company which now go to the Northwest by way of Milwaukee will be transferred to the line running through this city to Portage, across the state to LaCrosse and beyond the Mississippi river to Hastings, Minnesota, a station within an hour of St. Paul and Minneapolis. The foundation of this report is that a force of seven civil engineers with a special train, employed by the Chicago Railroad Construction and Contracting company passed through Jamesville today, surveying the St. Paul line and arranging for a force of eight hundred workmen to follow them in the near future, reballasting the line from Chicago to Madison. The engineers will complete their survey and mapping of the improvements to be made this year but they do not figure to have the ballasting done further than Madison before the winter closes.

Excellent Position Secured. With this constraining company Miss Sadie Raught of this city today secured a position as stenographer. The place was obtained through Messrs. Dale and Gough, proprietors of the Southern Wisconsin Business College and is a most excellent one, the salary being large. Miss Raught will have all expenses paid and be accompanied by a maid. The former stenographer with the concern has resigned to be married and while in the service of the company has visited southern Europe, Asia, South Africa, South America, Panama and Mexico.

Sheboygan is to have a lake front park, and the first step has been taken by the common council. The lake front will be surveyed for about a mile to the north of the harbor.

J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS. THE BIG STORE 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, S. MAIN ST., JAMESVILLE, WIS. WE KEEP THE QUALITY UP

PRESENTLY

we will announce

a REMNANT SALE

of WASH COTTON GOODS white goods etc.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

A SATURDAY SALE OF WHITE GOODS

FIVE HUNDRED WHITE GOODS REMNANTS AT HALF PRICE

WE have accumulated a great quantity of remnants in our White Goods stock and take this way to close them out quick. There are India Linens, Organdies, Plain Swiss, Dotted Swiss, Nainsooks, Long Cloth, India Mulls, Tarletons, Mercerized Waistings, Dimities, Lace Stripes, in fact remnants of about everything in White Goods.

Remnants of 10c goods go at 5c per yd.

Remnants of 15c goods go at 7½c per yd.

Remnants of 20c goods go at 10c per yd.

Remnants of 25c goods go at 12½c per yd.

Remnants of 30c goods go at 15c per yd.

Remnants of 40c goods go at 20c per yd.

Remnants of 50c goods go at 25c per yd.

If you notice this advertisement and act promptly on Saturday you will get some snappy bargains.

20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT ON ALL OTHER WHITE GOODS

In order that none may be disappointed, if you don't find all you want among the remnants, you can go to our regular stock and make your selection at 20 per cent. discount (1-5 off) on any items in our white goods stock.

When we make an offer of this kind it is a good one and you will be wise if you take advantage of it.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.